MONDAY, *September* 25. 1769. [NUMB. 1774.]

The BOSTON Evening-Poſt.

Containing the freſheſt & moſtimportant Advices Foreign and Domeſtick.

JOURNAL of the TIMES.

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1769. *July* 18. WE ſhall continue to hold up the Actions of our Military gentry, not merely for the Information of Americans, but that the People of Britain may perceive the wiſdom of Adminiſtration, in appointing ſuch a ſet of men an Aids De Camps to the Civil Magiſtrates, in the execution of the Laws and conſervation of the Peace.

July 19. A reſpectable tradeſman of this town, returning home one evening through boarded alley, was without the leaſt provocation, knocked down by a grenadier of the 29th regiment; he ſoon came to himſelf, and having recovered his cane, was quietly walking off; but ſoon perceived was followed by the ſame ſoldier, who he called upon to ſtand back, but this not being regarded he made ſo good a uſe of his cane, as to protect himſelf from any further abuſe for that time; however, it ſeems this fellow, who had that night got a terrible drubbing from other perſons whom he had inſulted, took it in his head to lay the whole of what he had received upon the beforementioned tradeſman, and having met him about a fortnight afterwards, near the common, tho' before ſunſet, he dared to aſſault & wound him with his bayonet, in a moſt cruel manner, a number of ſoldiers looking on, and had it not been for the timely aſſiſtance of ſome of the inhabitants paſſing by at that time, he would probably have been murdered: This perſon was confined to his houſe a conſiderable time, by means of the wounds received. The ſoldier had a bill found againſt him by the grand jury, but this being ſuſpected before it was given in, the criminal deſerted, or rather was concealed for a time, and then, as is ſuppoſed, conveyed away, as others had been before him, out of the reach of the law, which muſt have fallen heavy upon him.

July 20. As young man was ſtanding in the ſtreet ſome evenings paſt, as Capt. M—h was paſſing, a ſtick which this officer ſaid he flung at a dog, ſtruck the young fellow, and occaſioned ſome altercations, the Captain ſoon drew his ſword, and made a ſtroke at the other, by which he was wounded; the people ſoon gathered, and might have treated the officer with as little ceremony, had not he immediately ſought and found a ſhelter in a gentleman's houſe, not far from the ſcene of action.

July 21. As a captain of a veſſel was ſtanding by his ſtreet door, he heard the cries of two ladies, whom ſome ſoldiers were treating with great rudeneſs; he did not fail to expoſtulate & then threaten, for which he was knocked down and much hurt by the ſoldiers.

July 22. An officer of the Navy came into a taylor's ſhop in the day time, accompanied by ſeveral ſoldiers, when pretending he had been affronted, he drew his hanger, and beat in a cruel manner, a young fellow who was ſetting on his board, notwithſtanding all the intreaties of his father, who was preſent, a number of people ruſhing into the ſhop, obliged this hero and his party to decamp and march off with precipitation.

July 23. Laſt evening as two women of unblemiſhed reputation, one married, the other ſingle, were returning home about nine o'clock, from a viſit, they were ſtopped in the ſtreet, near the brick meeting houſe, by an officer, who inſiſted upon waiting upon them home, upon being told that they were near home, and had no occaſion for company, he began to uſe very foul language, and finally, in a very courageous, and ſoldierly manner, took his leave, with about a dozen ſmart ſtrokes of a rattan, upon the ſhoulders of the unmarried and defenceleſs lady.

July 24. Some ſabbaths paſt, as the guards, placed near the town-houſe, were relieving, there was a conſiderable concourſe of people, chiefly boys and negroes to partake of the entertainment given by their band of muſic; the wardens having by their laudable exertions diſperſed the rabble, ſoon perceived that Mr. John Bernard, our Governor's ſecond Son, had made one among them, and ſtill kept his ſtanding; upon which they very civilly accoſted him deſiring that he would walk off, leſt his being ſuffered to remain, ſhould give occaſion for their being taxed with partiality in the execution of their truſt; Mr. Bernard then ſeemed to be walking away, when Capt. M—ſ—h, who commanded the guard, called to him, deſiring that he would come into the ſquare, where he ſhould be protected from the wardens; the young man accepted of ſo preſſing and polite an invitation; but the wardens called to him as he was going into the ſquare, praying him to deſiſt, as they would otherwiſe be put to the diſagreeable neceſſity of returning his name to a magiſtrate, the Monday following; upon this the officer of the guard, in a ſneering manner, called upon the muſicians to play up the yankee doodle tune, which compleated the conqueſt of the military, and afforded them a temporary triumph. The wardens made good their promiſe, and diſcharged their duty, by entering a complaint with a magiſtrate, againſt Mr. Bernard, for breach of ſabbath, when he was convicted, and puniſhed agreeable to law.

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MEMORIALS *of the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms in* North-America, *with ſeveral Letters and Papers annexed.*

Copy of a Letter from the Collector and Comptroller of Boſton, *to the Chairman, June* 12, 1768.

SIR,

WE beg Leave to inform you in anſwer to your Letter, that the Propoſal made to us on Behalf of Mr. Hancock, is, that the Sloop Liberty that has been ſeized, and now under the protection of the Romney Man of War, ſhall be returned to Mr. Hancock's wharff, and ſuffered to lie there, till the affair is iſſued in the court of Admiralty, and that he, Mr. Hancock, will give ſecurity, that the ſaid Sloop ſhall be at forthcoming and re-delivered to us, in caſe the decree ſhall be in our favour.

The ſubſtance of the ſeveral Informations we have had reſpecting the ſtipulations in behalf of the mob, is, that a deſign was formed, and concerted for a general inſurrection or aſſembly laſt night, and in conſequence thereof large numbers of people were actually gathered together, and regularly formed into parties under their reſpective leaders in ſeveral parts of the town. That the reaſon given for this proceeding was to oblige by force thoſe concerned in the ſeizure to return the Sloop Liberty to the wharff from whence ſhe had been taken. As the conſequence of the attempt might have been a general outrage, or perhaps a pillage of every perſon concerned in the cuſtoms, and of thoſe who are accounted their friends and abettors; it has alarmed ſeveral gentlemen of the town, and induced them to make the propoſal abovementioned for returning the Sloop to Mr. Hancock's wharff, and to give time for a negociation to that purpoſe, it was ſtipulated with the principal leaders and managers of the mob, that no farther outrages ſhould be committed, but that the people ſhould remain quiet till monday night, which was the longeſt term that could be obtained of them.

It appears evident to us, that a plan for an inſurrection, of a very dangerous and extenſive nature, has long been in agitation, and now brought nearly to a criſis; and that to put in execution, there was only wanting ſome ſtep to be taken by the officers of the cuſtoms, that might be made a handle of to inflame the minds of the people, which this ſeizure has furniſhed them with.

Upon the whole we can only obſerve, that as the powers of government in this country, are in ſo weak and enervated a ſtate, and the mob, by what we can learn, determined upon their point, we ſhould conſider it as a meaſure of policy in the preſent dilemma to take Mr. Hancock's ſecurity, and releaſe the ſloop for the preſervation of the officers, and tranquility of the town, which we have reaſon to believe would otherwiſe be greatly endangered.

We are, Sir, with great reſpect,

Your moſt obedient and moſt humble Servants,

Boſton, 12th June 1768. Joſ. Harriſon, Collect.
Benj. Hollowell, Compt.

To the honorable John Robinſon, Eſq;

Gent'lemen,

IN conſequence of the intelligence you have given us, we think it abſolutely neceſſary to direct you to convey all the money in your cuſtody belonging to the crown, in the boat herewith ſent you, in order that it may be depoſited in the Romney for ſafe cuſtody.

Signed { John Robinſon, Henry Hulton, Wm. Burch.

Romney, 13th June 1768.
Monday 3 o Clock Morning.

To the Collector and Comptroller, Boſton.

Copy of the Commiſſioners Letter to Capt. Corner, dated Romney, 13th June, 1768.

Sir,

AS the officers of the cuſtoms, and our ſervants in Boſton, are expoſed to the utmoſt outrages from the violences of the people, we deſire you would afford ſhelter on board his Majeſty's ſhip under your command to ſuch of them, as make take the benefit of that protection, and you will pleaſe to iſſue orders for their being received and victualled.

We are, &c.

Signed { Henry Hulton, J. Temple, W. Burch, Cha: Paxton, John Robinſon.

To Capt. Corner, commander of his Majeſty's Ship the Romney.

Copy of a Letter from the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms in Boſton, to Governor Bernard.

Sir,

WHEN your Excellency met in Council laſt Saturday, we were in hopes to have heard that effectual meaſures would have been taken to aid and protect us, and our officers, in carrying on the ſervice of the revenue, and for preſerving the peace of the town; but we were much ſurprized to find, that a committee was only appointed to aſcertain the facts attending the tumult of the preceding night, and that your council was not to ſit again till this day.

On Saturday afternoon finding ourſelves utterly inſecure in town, the major part of us were obliged to ſeek for an aſylum where we now ſit as a board, being perſuaded of the danger of attempting to proceed in our duty in town.

The diſorders of the town, we are ſorry to obſerve, are increaſing to ſuch an enormous pitch, as to give it the appearance more of an inſurrection than a riot; and we find ourſelves obliged to apply to your Excellency to grant us ſuch aid & protection, as may enable us and our officers to proceed in our duty; and that we may be in ſome degree enabled to judge, whether the aid and protection you'l think proper to grant will be adequate to the diſtreſſes and embarraſſed ſtate of the ſervice: We muſt requeſt, that you will let us know, what kind of aid and protection we may expect to receive.

Hen. Hulton,
J. Temple,
(Signed) Wm. Burch,
C. Paxton,
J. Robinſon.

On board his Majeſty's Ship Romney 13 June 1768.

Jamaica Plains, June 13, 1768.

Gentlemen,

I Am very ſorry, that you think yourſelves ſo much in danger in Boſton, as to make it unſafe for you to reſide there. As you judge it neceſſary to your ſecurity to reſort to the caſtle, I hereby incloſe orders to the captain of the caſtle to receive you and your families, and the officers of your board, and to accommodate you there, and to give you all the protection and ſecurity in his power.

I am, Gentlemen, your moſt obedient humble Servant, Fra. Bernard.

To the honorable the commiſſioners of his Majeſty's cuſtoms.

Copy of a letter to the commiſſioners, from the Collector and Comptroller of Boſton, dated on board the Romney, 14th June 1768.

Honorable Sirs,

THE depoſitions, which we laid before your honours, on the 11th inſtant, concerning the outrageous manner in which we were attacked, and treated on the preceeding evening, after making ſeizure of the ſloop Liberty belonging to Mr. Hancock, will beſt deſcribe what happened on that occaſion, and by our letter of the 12th your honors will have obſerved the inflamed temper of the people, and the ſtipulations that were demanded for a truce until the monday; after which period they ſeemed determined to take their own meaſure for redreſs; the event however has manifeſted that the peace and tranquility of the town was not the object they meant to ſeek after; for no aſſurance was ſent on the part of Mr. Hancock, either verbally or in writing, that he would agree to any ſtipulations for the re-delivery of the Sloop; and we are of opinion, that it was no part of their deſign to let go this plea for breaking out into open violence.

After the ruffian treatment we had experienced on the Friday evening, merely for executing our duty, the ſtipulation broke thro', knowing the preverſeneſs of the people, and the temper of the times, our lives threatned, and hearing that even your honors had been obliged to ſeek refuge on board his Majeſty's ſhips in the harbour, our own ſafety's became a conſideration of a very ſerious nature. The Collector has had an intimation, that he would be laid

[Turn to the laſt Page.] hold

& Davis the Barber. & Molesworth. & a Cowardly Dog! Vide the whole of these Letters & Page 688 & 689 & even the Margin vid. the Preference

Laſt Saturday ſ'nnight the Earl of Halifax Packet, Capt. Boulderſon, arrived at New-York in 32 Days from Falmouth, by whom we have publick Prints to the 16th of Auguſt.

LONDON, *July* 21.

LETTERS from Leghorn ſay, that Paoli has been invited to accept of a conſiderable poſt in the Emperor's ſervice, which, it is thought that brave chief will not accept of as he ſhews an uncommon deſire to viſit his friends in this kingdom.

The favorable reſolutions ſaid to be now adopted in regard to the colonies, are wholly attributed to the advice of a noble Lord; the utility of which is ſaid to be acknowledged by his brother-in-law, who formerly was of a very different opinion.

A Daniſh ſhip from the Eaſt Indies has brought letters, giving an account, its ſaid, that Heider Ally had retaken all thoſe places which the Engliſh had taken from him, upon which India ſtock fell to 223.

July 24. On Saturday ſeveral of the nobility waited upon the Earl of Bute, to compliment him upon his arrival in town. He enjoys a better ſtate of health than he has for ſome years paſt.

The friends of America ſecretly rejoice at the ill ſucceſs we have met with in the Eaſt Indies, as the ſureſt and only way of deciding our differences and recovering our trade with America.

July 26. Since the arrival of a certain nobleman bets are greatly in favor of the preſent miniſtry, as conciliating meaſures are ſtrongly recommended.

It is currently reported that Mr. Wilkes's pardon is now in agitation, & would take place ſhortly.

The Lords of the Admiralty have appointed Richard Peters, Eſq; to be Regiſter of the Admiralty Court for the province of Pennſylvania.

July 28. Yeſterday an expreſs arrived in town with an account that Capt. Harman, from Leghorn, was arrived in the Downs, and that General Paoli came paſſenger in her, who immediately landed at Deal and ſet out for London.

The following toaſt is drank in all polite companies, 'The unkennelling the Fox!'

Notwithſtanding all the American petitions were rejected by an auguſt aſſembly on the 23d of March laſt, yet the Americans intend to follow the example of Middleſex, London, &c. and lay their grievances at the foot of the Throne.

It is ſaid by thoſe who pretend to know the ſecrets of the miniſtry, that if the lenient meaſures intended to be taken at preſent, ſhould not have the deſired effect, in compoſing all differences with the Americans, and quieting the turpulent ſpirit that ſeems to prevail there, an additional number of frigates and land forces will be ſent there early in the ſpring, to reduce them to conform by coercive means.

It is ſaid that Paoli, who is arrived here from Leghorn, expreſſed his deſire that he might ſee that remarkable place, where the ſons of liberty are ſent to in this free country, the King's Bench; not ſo much on account of the celebrated patriot now immured there, but that he might contemplate the ſpot, where Theodore, his predeceſſor in command and misfortune, drew his laſt breath.

It is probable no public notice will be taken, by thoſe at the head of affairs, of that Great Chief here, not that his abilities are deſpiſed, but on an œconomical principle, ſo that he will be left to be entertained and ſupported by his private friends alone.

July 31. It is ſaid, that when a certain nobleman lately arrived from his travels, went to pay his duty to a certain Great Perſonage, the latter caught him in his arms as he was dropping on his knees, and aſſured his lordſhip that he rejoiced to ſee him, and that he was as dear to him as ever.

It is ſaid that Lord B——'s being ſent for in ſuch haſte, is on account of the preſent critical ſituation of ſome of his friends, particularly a late p——r.

We can aſſure the public, upon the beſt grounds, that all the reports of the Earl C--th-m having declared, in a certain high place, that he approves & will ſupport the meaſures of the preſent adminiſtration, are totally deſtitute of truth.

It is ſaid that the miniſtry are more confident in perſevering in their preſent mode of adminiſtration becauſe the arrival of a certain Earl from abroad, has thrown ſuch an additional weight in their favor. Its ſaid he approves of every ſtep they have taken.

Aug. 1. In order to appeaſe the minds of the people, & reconcile all parties, it is now whiſpered that Lord Bute will be appointed firſt Lord of the Treaſury; and the D. of Grafton retire with a penſion.

It is alſo ſaid Sir Fletcher Norton will be appointed Lord High Chancellor.

A motion was lately made in a private aſſembly, for entirely ſubmitting the formation of a new miniſtry to the Earl of Chatham, but this motion was directly over-ruled by two great officers.

The rough treatment a certain noble D—— met with lately in a place of worſhip, has determined him not to be ſo pious for the future.

Aug. 5. It is now confidently reported that Lord Chatham will ſoon be in the adminiſtration again. And alſo that the Marquis of Rockingham will be appointed to a conſiderable poſt therein.

The city of Briſtol have agreed upon a Petition to the King, on the preſent ſituation of affairs.

It is moſt certain that a miniſterial negociation is now carrying on, and that it is on a baſis which promiſes the utmoſt permanancy, being different from, and infinitely more extenſive and conciliating than any adminiſtration hitherto propoſed.

Died, at Arlington, in Surry, in the 42d year of her age, Mrs. TRECOTHICK, Lady of Mr. Alderman TRECOTHICK.

The inhabitants not only of Boſton, but of all N. America, are highly exaſperated at the uncandid accounts ſent over to Lord Hillſ—gh by Gen. Gage (1)

It is ſaid that Gen. Gage is ſhortly to be recalled.

Promoted, Walter Paterſon, Eſq; to be governor of the Iſland of St. John's &c. in America; and Thomas Desbriſſay, Eſq; lieut. gov. of the ſame: Elias Durnford, Eſq; lieut. gov. of Weſt Florida; Lieut. Arch. Campbell to be Captain in the 29th reg. in the room of Chambre Hallowes, by purchaſe; and Enſi. Meara to be Lieut. vice Arch. Campbell.

Aug. 8. Yeſterday the right hon. the Earl of Hillſborough ſet out from his houſe for Ireland.

Aug. 10. On Thurſday the Earl of Bute and the D. of Grafton had a conference at the Earl's houſe.

Notwithſtanding the report of the arrival of the brave Corſican, Gen. Paoli, in this iſland, the fact is by no means true, nor is his coming here likely; for its ſaid orders have been ſent to our Conſul at Leghorn to perſuade him from ſuch an intention, ſhould he be inclined to it.

Arrived from Boſton, the Triton, Davis, at Hull; Thomas, Davies, at Graveſend; & London Packet, Calef, at Dover.

St. JOHN's in ANTIGUA, Aug. 26. 1769.

ON Thurſday the 17th inſtant between 2 and 3 in the afternoon, a fire broke out in Cornſtreet, in the neighbourhood of the Little Negro-market, at the houſe of Mrs. Finlay, occaſioned by a Negro heating an oven with part of a pitch barrel. The alarm of fire being rung, the people ran to the place from all directions; in a ſhort time the engines were brought, but were of little ſervice, partly owing to their being much out of order, and partly to the aukwardneſs of thoſe who had the management of them. In this diſcription of the buildings deſtroyed, I mean not to follow the traces of the fire in its progreſſive order, which was ſometimes before, and ſometimes againſt the wind, but take the rows or ſquares uniformly from eaſt to weſt.

In a few minutes from the firſt eruption of the flames, they were communicated to the houſe of William Dickenſon, Eſq; in Newgate-ſtreet, and in ſhort, the whole ſquare of houſes, from Corn-ſtreet on the E. of Market-ſtreet on the W. and from Church-ſtreet on the S. and Newgate-ſtreet on the N. was reduced to aſhes.

The guard-houſe and arſenal had now taken fire, and had it not been for the extraordinary activity of the officers and ſoldiers of the 68th Regiment, muſt have been deſtroyed. The artillery houſe on the W. and the market-houſe and goal on the N. of the guard, were burnt down, with the whole ſquare of houſes in the weſtward direction to the Parade, terminated on the N. corner by a large brick houſe belonging to the heirs of Cheſter, and on the S. by Mr. John Watſon, barber and perruke-maker's ſhop: On the oppoſite ſide of the Parade, the houſe of Mr. Daniel Hill, on the N. the large houſe lately occupied by Mr. John Payne, and the whole ſquare of buildings, now the property of Mr. John Ward, with the wharf and crane, were deſtroyed to the S. the fire terminated on the E. ſide of theſe buildings, at the houſe of Mr. Elias Ferris.

To return to where the fire began its depredation on the next row of buildings.—The court-houſe, being a magnificent lofty ſtone building, was contrary to all expectation, ſav'd, tho' ſurrounded with flames on all ſides. The houſe poſſeſſed by Samuel H. Warner, Eſq; and the whole row quite to Church ſtreet, with the ſquare of buildings bounded by Long ſtreet on the S. the parade on the W. and Church-ſtreet on the E. were entirely conſumed: and from the Parade in the ſame weſtern direction the whole ſquare ending with Mr. Hockley's tavern, to the water's edge, with Mr. Duncan Grant's wharf & crane on the S. and Mr. Livingſton's crane on the N.

The deſtruction of the third row of buildings began to the eaſtward of a ſmall ſquare, bounded on the S. by High-ſtreet, alias Broad-ſtreet; on the W. by Market-ſtreet, on the E. by Cornſtreet, and on the N. by Long-ſtreet. Oppoſite to the S. corner of this ſquare a houſe belonging to Mr. George Dalzell was blown up. From thence it ſpread deſolation before the wind, to the weſtward, all that large and opulent ſquare of buildings, conſiſting, to the ſouthward, of the houſe of Mr. Thomas Lynch, that of Mr. Henry Bonnin, Mr. Thomas Mackie, ſenr. the New Printing Office, all the ſtores along the Parade, formerly diſtinguiſhed by the name of Whitehall tavern, quite to the corner of High or Broad-ſtreet, and up that ſide the ſtores lately poſſeſſed by Meſſrs. Clifford, Williſon, Smaip, Martin, Sedgwick, Scotland, Aſhton, W. Byam, Grice's tavern, Tew, Roſſington, and Grant, ſadler. On this part of Market-ſtreet on the E. was burnt down three tenements; one a huxter's, occupied by Philip Hogan, the next by Mrs. Ann Sleigh, the third untenanted belonging to Thomas Shephard, Eſq. From the Parade on the weſtward, to the water's edge, with the wharfs and cranes incluſive, the fine ſquare of ſtores & houſes containing all the brick buildings from the corner ſtore occupied by Mr. Andrew Roſs and Co. to the cooperage of Mr. Walter Burke on the S. on the Parade ſide the ſtores of Meſſrs. Forbes, Roſe, Weſton, and Kukan, with two unoccupied; on the north, Mr. Bowyer's, late Lindſay's tavern.

The eaſtermoſt part of the fourth row that was deſtroyed, was the houſe of Mrs. Elizabeth Grice which was blown up, with a deſign to ſtop the progreſs of the flames to the E. and S. but without the deſired effect, on the ſouth corner of the ſame row, the large houſe of Mrs. Martin was blown up, with ſuch a dreadful exploſion as ſhatter'd the houſe occupied by Mr. Simms on the E. and that of Mr. Parke on the S. at the diſtance of near 60 feet. at which time Mr. John Carliſe was ſo much hurt that he languiſhed a few days, and died in great agonies. The flames then devoured all before it, weſtward, to the Parade, on both ſides; in this ſquare was, on the S. the houſes of Meſſrs. Buntin, Snaip, Smith, and the corner houſe and ſtores of Robert Brown, Eſq; on the North corner, the Cuſtom-houſe, belonging to John Halliday, Eſq;—oppoſite to which the ſtore of Meſſrs. Willock and Morſon took fire, the conſequence of which was, the deſtruction of the whole ſquare, with the wharfs and cranes adjoining (excepting one crane belonging to Thomas Mackie, ſen.) quite to the harbour on the W. with that commonly called Dunbar's (now Ferguſſon's) ſtores and wharf. The large houſe belonging to the eſtate of William H. Doig was ſeveral times on fire, but by inceſſant dreſchings from the engines was ſurprizingly ſaved. This horrid ſweep is taken thro' the center of the town of St. John's, leaving on the N. and S. ſides a few ſtreets of ſraggling houſes, many of which are but inconſiderable; one thing is ſurprizingly ſingular, not a ſingle merchant ſtore is leſt in the whole place. All the granaries with their contents, were deſtroyed; 17,000 barrels of ſalt proviſions, 14,000 buſhels of corn, and 1000 tierces of rice were deſtroyed. The rent-roll of the town is 37,000l. currency per ann. 18,000l. of which is deſtroyed, which, at twelve and an half years purchaſe, amounts to 225,000l. the other damages ſuſtained by the loſs of proviſions, goods, and deva-ſtation of buildings, amounts to a far greater ſum, ſo that according to the moſt moderate computation the whole cannot be leſs than 300 000l. ſterl.

Thus fell St. John's, the metropolis of an Iſland the pride and glory of her ſiſters, the ſeat of induſtry, the nurſe of merchants, the beloved manſion of generous hoſpitality, and the central mart of the Weſt-Indies! Whoſe harbour was ever crouded with fleets from the four winds, and whoſe wealth and grandeur was equalled by no place of its magnitude.—Yeſterday, an opulent rich, wellbuilt town; to-day a pile of ruins, confuſion, and ſmoky aſhes! Yeſterday its inhabitants giving each other a chearful good-morrow; to-day meeting with tears and dejection in their countenances, reciprocally recounting their loſſes to each other, and can hardly trace the veſtiges of their late habitations. Let ſuch as were not ſpectators to the tremendous ſcene, only figure to themſelves the circumference of ſuch a flame, the noiſe and craſh of houſes falling, the frequent dreadful exploſions of others blown up, the convuls'd vortex of fiery flakes in the air, with the ſhrieks and lamentations of the unhappy ſufferers, intermixt with the yellings of the negro ſavages; I ſay, let them paint theſe in their imaginations, and with-hold their pity and commiſeration, if they can.—In ſhort the ruins of the place would beggar all deſcription; for 'tis impoſſible by words, to raiſe an adequate idea of our diſtreſſes.

In this general calamity the Council and Aſſembly have uſed every poſſible means to prevent the Negroes from plundering the ſufferers, to detect and bring to juſtice ſuch as have been embezzling or concealing goods or other effects, and to reſtore ſome degree of regularity and order amongſt the diſtreſſed inhabitants of this ruinated place. Every one ſeems eagerly ſolicituous to good, and to alleviate the miſeries of their afflicted neighbours. The merchants too, to their honor be it ſpoke, vie with each other in ſelling whatever part of their proviſions they have ſaved from the fire to their fellow ſufferers at the uſual prices; generouſly ſcorning to ſnatch at an advantage the general diſtreſs might give them of enhancing.

May other nations who read the fate and fall of this hapleſs place, without further ſupplication, think on its diſtreſſes, and exert their influence in contributing to its relief: perhaps the dejected inhabitants of St. John's may yet be able to raiſe its walls from their rubbiſh and ruins, and may God aſſiſt and proſper their endeavours.

Yeſterday were executed, purſuant to their ſentence, Harris and Euden, the two ſailors for piracy. They behaved with ſeeming compoſure & penitence.

BOSTON, September 25, 1769.

Friday laſt being the anniverſary of his Majeſty's Coronation, the ſame was obſerved here by the firing of the Cannon at Caſtle-William & Batteries in this Town at Twelve o'Clock; at the ſame time his Majeſty's 14th and 29th Regiments were drawn up on the Common, and fired three Vollies: The Train of Artillery, commanded by Capt. Paddock, belonging to the Regiment of Militia of this Town, alſo muſtered upon the Occaſion, and marched into King-ſtreet with their Cannon, and performed the uſual Firings; and at One o'Clock the Ships of War in the Harbour likewiſe fired on the Occaſion.—In the Evening was exhibited at the King's Arms Tavern a very beautiful Set of grand Fire-Works, [*See the particulars in laſt Monday's Evening Poſt*] the like never ſeen in this Town, which gave great Satisfaction to the numerous Spectators.

Bute in Fox L.d Holland pay maſter. The King Pay maſter L.d Holland
Chatham Hillsborough & Wilkes. (1) vide page 466 (2) To Find petitions Dec/3/675.
Turn to the Index.

Messrs FLEETS;

WE are arrived at fine Times indeed! What airs of insolence are shown, and what foul deeds are daily perpetrated by the Commissioners, or some of the cabal.—The Inspector of imports going armed into a sick Printer's house, and putting him into such terror of his life for an innocent publication, as to make it necessary to swear the peace against him.—The principal of the Tide Waiters attacking the Town Watch in the night, sword in hand, and persisting to disturb the repose of the inhabitants, until he was secured in the stone goal.—One or more of the Commissioners heading a riot at the Coffee-House, and a Captain of a Cutter's furnishing a Commissioner's Clerk, for the first time, with a sword to encounter the dust he said was that evening to be kick'd up in the Coffee-House.—— And James Murray, head of the reforming magistrates, coming into Faneuil-Hall like a merry Andrew, and then, as if all his senses had been wrung out at the last attack upon his nose, telling a crouded assembly, that tho' he knew nothing of the matter in question, yet having heard much on both sides, he came there with a determination to protect and see justice done to William Burnet Brown, tho' this was the province of the two magistrates before whom he had been taken by warrant; and then voluntarily offering himself to be bail for the man that had so grosly violated the laws of honor, humanity and his country.——

Pray Messirs. Printers, as you are in the way of getting at the truth, tell us the meaning of all this; are these the people who have charged the inhabitants of this town with being guilty of riots, rebellion, &c. and who complained to administration of personal affronts and abuses, and of having been terrified with such threatnings as had obliged them to seek security at Castle William.—What are they all after, and what is John Mein printer from Scotland after, in raking up the ashes of the dead and publicly charging twice a week the body of merchants with impudence, lying, injustice and folly, &c. &c. did he design to give us the most striking specimens of insolence and ingratitude, or is it not rather to favor the designs of the Commissioners and the cabal, to whom he is a cat's-paw, by exciting an abused people to acts of violence; if the latter, I hope they will still be disappointed.

What a striking contrast did Tuesday & Wednesday evening afford—a number of military, custom-house, revenue and marine officers permitting, if not active in the beating most unmercifully a spirited and generous young gentleman who thrust himself into the coffee-room to save a man to whom America is so much indebted from what might have been the fatal consequence of the *foul play* there given him—and the next evening a brother of Mr. Otis's addressing himself to a crouded & justly incensed assembly at Faneuil-Hall on the tryal of Mr. Brown, intreating that no violence might be offered him, assuring them, that this would be the most agreeable way of testifying their regard to his brother, who was able to resent for himself; and in consequence of this speech a number of those who had the greatest detestation to the conduct of Mr. Brown and the reforming magistrate, nay some of the warmest of the populace, attending those persons to their houses and not suffering a hair of their *exposed* pates to be touched——Let the world now judge who are to be set down for the lovers of peace and order, and who for the mob & rabble.

Pray Messirs. Printers exhort the inhabitants to let their patience still hold out, but at the same time do encourage us to it, by letting us know how long you think it will be before this dirty cabal meet their leader Sir Francis of Nettleham at the end of their tether——or string.

Messrs FLEETS.

Please to insert the following and you'll oblige,

Yours, E. C.

IF there are any among us so base as to break thro' a solemn Engagement, I would beg leave of the Public to exculpate myself from the scandal of being rank'd among the Number, by informing them that (altho' my Name justly appears in Messirs. Mein and Fleeming's Paper of last Thursday as an Importer) at the time the Agreement took place here I was in London, therefore could not become a Subscriber. Immediately after my return, understanding the Agreement was general & strictly adher'd to, that I might not be any ways instrumental in counteracting the good Design, I unsollicited countermanded large Orders which I left in London for Spring Goods, thereby in a great measure frustrating my Design in going home. The few Haberdashery Goods which arrived I had order'd and expected to be sent immediately after me, which was the only Reason of my not countermanding them. One of the Committee was fully satisfied by me at the time, of the Truth of the above, and of the trifling Value of the Goods, which prove that there could not be either a fraudulent or mercenary Design in that Importation. EDW. CHURCH.

Last Thursday Morning came on at Portsmouth, the Trial of Capt. Cavenaugh, for the supposed Murder of Capt. Henderson, which lasted about ten Hours, when the Hon. Judges were unanimous in their opinion, that he had no Malice, Design or Intention to kill the deceased. It was then committed to the Jury, who in about half an Hour brought in their Verdict, Manslaugter only.

To the PUBLIC.

A Most thorough Disdain of *John Mein*, is the true Cause of my not having hitherto given any Attention to his late public impertinent and arrogant Queries and Objections.

What an unparallel'd Stock of Assurance & Self-Confidence must this contemptible Fellow be possess'd of, to imagine himself entitled to call, Time after Time, with the most audacious Effrontery, upon one and another of his Superiors, for Answers to the most pert and saucy Questions that ever issued from the conceited, empty Noddle, of a most profound Blockhead! Who gave this Mushroom Judge, Authority, to summon even a Chimney-Sweeper to his ridiculous Tribunal? or wantonly, presumptuously, and very fallaciously to assume the respectable Title of *The Public*, in his romantic and indecent Addresses to an affronted Community? From whence does this so late an abject and Cap-in-Hand Beggar of Favours in a strange Country, derive the Shadow of Right, to put on a dictatorial Air, and publickly to insult his Benefactors? Ingratitude, Perverseness, and the most obstinate Self-Sufficiency, with a large Share of egregious Folly, can alone account for such Insolence and Stupidity; to the natural Consequence of which I drop him with ineffable Contempt.—But lest *any Part* of the Public should be deceived by his Insinuations respecting my Importation in the Susanna, H. Johnson, Master. *I now assure the World*, that, (tho' I hold not myself so cheap as to yield any Account to *John Mein*) if any *Gentleman* is yet unsatisfied, and chuses to apply either to the Committee of Merchants or to me, he may and shall be convinced, beyond all Possibility of Doubt, that I did not deviate from the Agreement in *any* Instance, *of Course did not import any Tea*. But as I consider the entering into any kind of Contest with *John Mein*, as too great a Stoop, and as any Notice being taken of him, even in Opposition, may tend to make him of some little Consequence, and seems to be what he is aiming at, the Public, will, I doubt not, excuse my adding to the general Neglect of him, by never answering any of his future Publications, even though his consummate Impudence, should prompt him to be more vulgarly scurrilous, than he has already repeatedly been to the Committee of Merchants.

Sept. 20, 1769. FRANCIS GRREN.

Last Thursday sen'night died in this Town, in the 60th Year of his Age, the Honorable JAMES VERCHILD, Esq; President of the Island of St. Christophers, and for a considerable Time, Commander in Chief of all the Leeward-Islands.—— And on Monday Evening last his Remains were honorably deposited in a Tomb under Christ-Church. This Gentleman supported the most amiable Character in the Island where he presided, and was highly respected by all that had the Pleasure of his Acquaintance.—His Funeral was attended by the principal Gentlemen in Town: His Pall was supported by The Honorable Lieutenant Governor HUTCHINSON,
The Honorable Lieutenant-Governor TEMPLE,
The Honorable Mr. BRATTLE,
The Honorable Mr. RUSSELL,
PETER CHARDON, and
SAMUEL CARY, Esquires.

On the 11th Instant died at New York his Excellency Sir HENRY MOORE, Bart. Governor of that Province; whose Death is *deservedly* lamented.

Last Saturday Night died here Mrs. —— *Pecker*, Wife of Doctor *James Pecker*, of this Town.

And Yesterday Noon died Mrs. *Elizabeth Inches*, Consort of Mr. *Henderson Inches*, of this Town, Merchant.

We hear that a Person who had informed against a Merchant at New-Haven, respecting a Vessel then in the West-Indies, was sent for by the principal People there, he living 4 Miles from Town, and was bro't in about 15 Minutes: They ordered him to the Middle of the Town Square, and being exalted on an Eminence, acknowledged his Fault, promising never to offend again: A Frock was put on him which they tarr'd, then emptying two Pillars of Feathers on him, and fixing a Pair of Horns on his Head, he was sent about his Business: He ran off as fas as he could in this ignominious Dress; but not the least Harm was done to his Body.

We hear from Bookfield, that on the 11th inst. a large Moose was discovered in a Cornfield in that Town, and was pursued from thence into a Swamp in New Braintree; the People in their haste took no Fire Arms with them, but one of them by throwing an Ax cut one of the Veins in his Neck, and by that means they overcame and took him: He measured 12 Feet in Length, and 5 in Heighth.

At the Commencement at New-Haven on Wednesday se'nnight, John Hancock, Esq; and Mr. Thomas Brattle, of this Town, were presented with the Honorary Degree of Master of Arts at that College.

A Letter from London by the Packet mentions, That the Captains Bryant and Davies sailed from thence for this Place the beginning of August; and that Capt. Allen was to sail soon after.

The London Papers contain the Messages from the House of Representatives of this Province to Governor Bernard, at the opening of the Session the 31st of May, as also his Answers, as far as their Adjournment to Cambridge the 15th of June.

DUMB FISH.

A few Quintals choice Isle Shoal Dumb Fish, to be Sold by CHARLES MILLAR on *Minot's* T.

William Jackson

Continues to sell at his STORE,
At the BRAZEN-HEAD, next to the Town-House,

A general Assortment of English and Hard Ware Goods, by Wholesale or Retail, among which are, a good Assortment of superfine and low priz'd Broad Cloths, German Serges, Kerseys, Beaver Coatings, Bearskins & Ratteens, Shalloons, Tammys & Durants, Calimancoes, Trimmings of all kinds, Cotton Velvet, Fustians & Jeans, black, blue, buff & white Breeches Pieces, Bird eyed and sprig'd Stuffs, Irish Camblets, Poplins, Crossbarr'd and figur'd Stuffs, worsted Damasks, Brolioes, Mosinets and Grizets, Grograms, best double Camblets, double Alopean, Padusoys, Damasks & Ducapes, plain & strip'd Lutestrings & Mantua Silks, white & rose colour'd Sarsnet & Persians, black and colour'd Sattins, a variety of Capuchin Silks, very genteel brocaded Shoes & Clogs, black Russell Shoes and Goloshoes, made by a superior Workman, Irish Linnens, Cambricks and Lawns, Clouting Diaper, black & white Catgut, 3, 4, yard wide and Apron Checks, Furniture ditto, Cotton Gowns & Hollands, worsted & silk Mitts and Gloves, Bindings & Qualities, Gimps & Snail Laces, colour'd Threads, Wax Necklaces, Linen & Silk Handkerchiefs, Mens and Womens worsted Hose, Mens Silk ditto, Mens worsted Caps, Ribbons, &c. &c. &c.

NAILS, Brads & Tacks, English & German Steel, Powder, Frying Pans and Warming Pans, Brass Kettles, warranted London Pewter Dishes, Plates & Basons, &c. all kinds Locks, Hinges and Latchets, Sadlers Ware of all Sorts, Brasses for Desks, Locks, &c. different Sorts of Joiners and Carpenters Tools—Wool Cards, Card Wire, London Glue, Knives & Forks, Cuttoe & Penknives, Scissers, Shears, Razors, &c. Buckles & Buttons, No. 4. & 12 Pins, &c.

Looking-Glasses of all Sizes, 6 by 8 & 7 by 9 Window-Glass, Hour Glasses, long and short Pipes, Crates of White and Blue & White Stone Cups and Saucers, Felt Hatts,——Gloucester CHEESE.

The Public are hereby informed,

That the Person lately taken with the Small-Pox in Ann-street, and three others at New-Boston, have been removed to the Hospital in that Part of the Town; which with a Woman living near the Horse Shoes, are the only Persons among us who have this Distemper or the Symptoms of it. These Houses are fenced in and well guarded to prevent a communication of the Infection.

By Order of the Select-Men,
WILLIAM COOPER, *Town-Clerk.*

Boston, Sept. 25. 1769.

On FRIDAY next,

At Ten o'Clock in the Morning,
Will be Sold by PUBLIC VENDUE,
At the Auction Room in Queen-street,

Some House Furniture,

And a Variety of English Goods, among which are, An excellent eight Day Clock, Mahogany Tables, Leather Bottom and other Chairs, Feather-Beds, neat Four-post Bedstead, compleat, Scotch Carpets, China & Glass Ware, some Kitchen Furniture, &c.—Also Broad Cloths, white Jeans, figur'd Witten, Mens & Boys worsted Hose, black Breeches Patterns, four Suits of Mens Apparel, Gold laced Hats, fine white Counterpanes, fine striptGinghams, Wiltons, &c. J. RUSSELL, *Auctioneer.*

Good old CYDER,

At £. 3 Old Tenor a Barrell,
Empty Wine Pipes and Rum Hogsheads,
Choice VINEGAR, to be Sold at
Blanchard's Wine-Cellar,
On Dock-Square, Boston.

To be sold by *Charles Hamock*,

At his Wine-Cellar in Royal Exchange Lane,
Empty Wine Pipes, half Ditto, two Barrell Teirces, Rum Hogsheads, Quarter Casks.——
Good *Frontinac* WINE, &c.

To be Sold by PUBLICK VENDUE, the 20th of *October* next, if not sold before at private Sale,

Four wooden Tenements in good

Repair, with convenient Yard Room and a Well of good Water, in Short-Street, South End of Boston—The Sale to be on the Spot at 12 o'Clock on said Day.—Any Person inclining to purchase at private Sale, may apply to the Printers hereof.

TO BE SOLD,

A new handsome genteel two Wheel CHARIOT, and a second-hand CHAISE.—— Enquire of the Printers.

Custom-House, Boston, *Sept.* 23. 1769.

ENTERED-IN.

Pulling from Canso; Boyd and Dean from New-London; Smith from Nova-Scotia; Chapman from Philadelphia; McPhune from Virginia; Small from Grenada & St. Eustatia; Riordan from Tortola; Eldredge, Cockran and Ames from Cape-Nichola; Davis from Tortola & St. Thomas's; Samson from Cape-Nichola and St. Eustatia; Dennison from Dominica and St. Eustatia.

pa. 703 pa. 658 pa. 658

hold of by way of reprisals and the inveteracy against the comptroller is so general and confirmed, that they have both been obliged to leave the town, and seek for an asylum from the fury of a distracted and enraged multitude.

The business of the collector is left in charge of his deputy Mr. Sheaffe, and the comptroller's with his clerk, both capable of duly executing their respective offices, so long as any officer belonging to the customs shall be suffered to remain in this place. But it is with deep concern that we acquaint your honors, of what we hear repeatedly from all quarters, which is, that a general spirit of insurrection prevails, not only in the town, but throughout the whole provinces; & when we reflect on what has passed before, we fear it has too much the air of truth.

We are, &c. Jos: Harrison,
(Signed) Benj: Hallowell.

Copy of a letter from the honorable the commissioners of the customs at Boston, to Commodore Hood.

Sir,

FInding it utterly impossible to carry on the business of the Revenue in the town of Boston from the outrageous behaviour of the people, who grosly abused and wounded the collector and comptroller, and other officers in the execution of their duty, on the 10th instant, and still continue to threaten their and our lives, we took shelter on board his Majesty's ship Romney, and desired Capt. Corner to put us on shore at Castle William, where we now are, and at our request Capt. Corner will continue near to the Castle for our protection.

The ferment amongst the people has greatly encreased since the 10th instant, and are persuaded, that their leaders will urge them to the most violent measures, even to open revolt; for one of their demagogues in a town-meeting yesterday, said, if they were called on to defend their liberties, and privileges, he hoped and believed they would one and all resist, even unto blood.

What steps the governor and his council may take we cannot tell; but have applied to them, we have not received any assurances of protection; and we are persuaded the governor will not apply for troops without the advice of his council; which measure we do not imagine they will recommend; and we now write, Sir, to acquaint you of the very alarming state of things in Boston, and to desire you will give us such further protection, as you may be able to afford us in the present exigency. We are, &c.

Signed Henry Hulton
J. Temple.
Castle William, Boston-Harbour 15 June 1768. William Burch
Cha's Paxton
John Robinson.

Samuel Hood, Esq;

[*A Copy of the foregoing Letter was sent to his Excellency General Gage, at New-York, and to Colonel Dalrymple, at Halifax.*]

Copy of a letter from the commissioners of the customs at Boston, to the lords commissioners of his Majesty's Treasury.

May it please your Lordships,

IN our memorial of the 16th of June, we represented the situation we were then in, and laid before your Lordships sundry papers relative thereto, and our proceedings thereon; and we now transmit copies of letters we received from General Gage at New-York, and Commodore Hood and Colonel Dalrymple at Halifax, in answer to our letters, copies of which were inclosed in the forementioned papers.

His Majesty's ship Romney, and Sloops the Beaver and Senegal, with two Schooners, are now in this harbour, and this protection afforded us by Commodore Hood, has been the most seasonable, as without them, we should not have considered ourselves in safety, nor his Majesty's castle secured from falling into the hands of the people.

The inconveniencies we are exposed to we bear with chearfulness, and beg leave assure your Lordships, that no difficulties shall abate our zeal in the service; but it is impossible for us to set foot in Boston, until there are two or three regiments in the town, to restore and support government: We further represent, that the castle being situated on a small island in the bay, about a league from the town, will render our situation any longer than the summer months insupportable: We therefore pray your Lordships, that orders may be given for our residence and protection before the winter.

Which is humbly submitted,
John Robinson,
Castle-William, Hen. Hulton,
Boston Harbour, Wm. Burch,
11th July 1768. Cha. Paxton.

All Persons that are indebted to the Estate of the late Rev. Mr. *Samuel Checkley*; jun'r, deceased, are desired to pay the same to *Elizabeth Checkley*, Administratrix on said Estate; and those who have any Demands on said Estate are likewise desired to bring in their Accompts to said Administratrix immediately, that there may be a speedy Settlement thereof.

N. B. Any Persons that have any Books in their Possession that they have borrowed of the said Deceased, are desired to return them immediately to said Administratrix.

Gilbert Deblois

Notifies his Town and Country Customers,
That he has a large Assortment of Winter Goods, with most other Sorts, imported last Fall from LONDON, which are to be Sold at the very lowest Rates at his Shop opposite the Bottom of School-Street, near the late Rev. Doct. *Sewall's* Meeting-House. —— TO BE SOLD likewise,
A large Brick Building, situated in Queen-Street, known by the Name of CONCERT-HALL, well calculated for publick Entertainments. —— Said Hall being the genteelest of any in America. —The Price will be low and Payment may be made any Time within three Years, giving good Security for the Money. For further Particulars Enquire of said DEBLOIS.

To be sold by *Thomas Amory*,
New *Philadelphia* FLOUR, and a Quantity of BRAN, just imported in the Sloop *Molly*, Captain *Chapman*, Master.—She will haul to *Minot's* T. or the Town Dock.

For LONDON,
The Brig *William*, *Joseph Rotch*, Master,
Burthen about 140 Tons, now laying at the South Side of the Long Wharf,
Having two Thirds of her Cargo engaged, and will sail at furtherest in three Weeks. For Freight or Passage apply to *Peter Hughes*, at his Store leading down to Mr. *Nathan Spear's* Wharf, or the Master on board. *Boston, Sept.* 18. 1769.

Any Person who has got a good House and Farm upon the main Road, within 20 Miles of *Boston*, and is inclined to Let the same, may, by applying to the Printers, hear of one who is desirous of taking a Lease, and would enter upon it immediately.

Whereas six Months have already been allowed the Creditors to the Estate of *Jeremy Gridley*, Esq; late of *Brookline*, deceased, intestate, represented insolvent, to bring in their Claims, and the Time being elapsed, and the whole of said Claims not being brought in; this is to notify said Creditors, that a further Term of six Months is allowed by the Hon. FOSTER HUTCHINSON, Esq; Judge of Probate for the County of *Suffolk*, to bring in their Claims to the Commissioners, who will attend said Service at the Bunch of Grapes Tavern in *Boston*, on the first Tuesday of the six next ensuing Months, from Six to Nine o'Clock, P. M.
Boston, Sept. 15. 1769.

The Estate of Mr. *Michael Berry* late of *Boston*, deceas'd, being rendered Insolvent and Six Months allowed the Creditors to bring in their Claims and prove their Debts. The Commissioners appointed by the Hon. FOSTER HUTCHINSON, Esq; Judge of Probate for the County of Suffolk to receive and examine the Claims: Give Notice that they shall attend said Service at the British Coffee House in *Boston* on the First Thursday of the Six following Months from Six to Nine o'Clock P. M

TO BE SOLD,
The Real and Personal Estate of *Isaac Gridley*, Esq; deceased, consisting of divers Tracts of Land, situated near Fort-Hill, with a large Brick Messuage, Brick Kitchen, and Wooden Houses contiguous; a Wooden Messuage, Warehouse, Barn, Coach-House, Rope-Walk and their Appurtenances, with the Implements for manufacturing Cordage; seven Negro Men Slaves, Houshold Furniture, Books, &c. ——For Terms of Sale enquire of his Executors. *Boston, Sept.* 18. 1769.

The Treasurer of the Province hereby gives Notice to all concerned, That he designs to issue forth his Warrants of Distress against every Collector of Taxes, that shall be in Arrears on the 1st Day of *November* next. The Sheriffs of the respective Counties in the Province, are also called upon to make due Return of the Executions respectively committed to them by that Time.

A small Quantity of Indian Corn just arrived from *Virginia*, to be Sold Cheap for Cash if applied for immediately. ——Enquire of *Bossenger* and *William Foster*, at their Store on *Nathan Spear's* Wharf.

TO BE SOLD,
Spring Bever, Raccoon Skins, Deer Skins in the Hair and Indian dress; all of the best Kind. Enquire of *Martin Gay* in Union Street.

TO BE SOLD,
A likely Negro Woman, about 36 Years of Age, can do all Sorts of House-Work, and has had the Small-Pox. Enquire of the Printers.

TO BE SOLD
A likely, healthy strong Negro Boy, about 20 Years of Age, of a good Temper, and understands Gardening, Cooking, and all Sorts of Houshold Business. Enquire of the Printers.

Best Sperma Ceti Candles,
Warranted Pure,
MADE & SOLD by JOHN LANGDON in *Fleet-Street*, above HANCOCK'S *Wharf*, near the *Old North Meeting-House*. He also sells the best *Refin'd Sperma Ceti OIL*, by the Barrel. Best *Tallow CANDLES*, mould and dipp'd, and *Bayberry-Wax Candles*.—*ALL as low as they can be had at any Place in Town.*

TO BE LET
On a Lease of seven Years, or more,
An Iron FORGE or FINERY,
at Uxbridge, lately well repaired, having at present two Fires, but another may easily be made, as may be likewise a Mill for a Trip Hammer. There is also higher up the Stream Room to build a Grist-Mill.

Likewise a FARM (on which it stands) containing about 250 Acres, of which about 50 are improved. It has thereon a Dwelling-House, lately well repaired, a Barn, a new Coal-House, a Smith's Shop, and a House for Workmen.

It is well situated for the Sale of Bar Iron, and for a Store, to supply the Country round with Necessaries, lying on the Oxford Road from Boston, and on the County Road to Worcester, is 27 Miles from Providence, and 45 from Boston.

For further Particulars enquire of JOHN MERRETT, near Providence, or SAMUEL READ, at Uxbridge.

N. B. The whole Premises will be sold VERY REASONABLE, if it suits any one better to buy than to rent them, and though now worked, are so held as to be entered upon immediately, either by a Tenant or Purchaser.

TO BE SOLD or LET,
A Machine for winnowing and cleansing GRAIN of all sorts; is very beneficial to clean Grain that has been housed any time, as it will clear it from Chaff, &c. and prevent the Weavells and Must taking it: It is Portable and easily worked by one Hand in any Weather, & will clean 4 or 500 Bushels in a Day. Enquire of the Printers.

To be sold by *William Pattin*,
English midling Loaf Sugar, as good as the double refined made here, and all sorts of Grocery; also a House and Shop in Cornhill to Let.

All Persons indebted to the Estate of Capt. *Benjamin Hatch*, late of *Boston*, Innholder, deceased, are desired to make speedy Payment to *Benjamin Dolbeare*, Administrator on said Estate; and all those have who any Demands on said Estate are desired to bring them in immediately.

TO BE SOLD,
A convenient Dwelling-House in good Repair, with a good Well of Water, and other Accommodations situated in Long Lane, now in the Occupation of Mr. *Andrew Johonnot*. For further Particulars enquire of the Printers.
N. B. The above House rents for £. 160 per Ann.

TO BE LET,
A HOUSE in Cambridge-Street, near the Orange-Tree, three Rooms on a Floor Yard, Garden, and a Pump of good Water. —— Enquire of the Printers.

For *Plymouth* and *London*,
The Brig *May-Flower*, *Edward Sears*, Master,
Now lying at *John Rowe's* Wharf,
Having Half her Cargo engaged.—Frieghters and Passengers may agree with the Master on board, or with *John Rowe*, Esq; at his Store. *Sept.* 4. 1769.

TO BE SOLD,
A fine Farm in the South part of *Cambridge*, containing about 80 Acres, together with the Buildings thereon, now in Possession of the Widow *Joanna Browne*; it lies 6 Miles from *Boston*, and 3 Miles from *Harvard College*, on the great Road from *Boston* to *Watertown*, &c. Said Farm contains a good Assortment of Orcharding, Tillage, Mowing and Pasturing, and is uncommonly well watered by a fine Brook and Springs never known to be dry; together with several Acres of choice Salt Marsh on *Cambridge* River, about a Mile and an half from the Farm. Said Farm will be Sold together or in Parcels as may best suit the Purchaser. Enquire of the Rev *Edward Brooks* living in *Medford*.

To be sold by *James Dalton*,
At his STORE on the Long-Wharf,
Next below Mr. *Simon Elliot*, Tobacconist,
Choice old Jamaica Rum, best Shop Sugars by the Hogshead or Barrel, Cotton Wool, Newcastle Crown Glass, yellow Virginia Corn.—Cheap for Cash.

THIS is to forewarn all Persons from trusting *Mehitabel Wills*, the Wife of me the Subscriber, as I hereby declare I will not pay any Debt she shall contract in my Name after the Date hereof.
Boston, Sept. 4. 1769. JOHN WILLS.

BOSTON: Printed by T. and J. FLEET.

& See the whole of this Letter at page 831. &c. with the References in the Margin.

THE
Boston-
AND
COUNTRY
Containing the freshest Advices,

No. 755
Gazette,
JOURNAL.
Foreign and Domestic.

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 25, 1769.

A LIST of the Names of *those* who have AUDACIOUSLY counteracted the UNITED SENTIMENTS of the BODY of Merchants throughout NORTH-AMERICA; by importing British Goods contrary to the Agreement. ☞

John Bernard,
Nathaniel Rogers,
Theophilus Lillie,
James McMasters & Comp'y.
John Mein,
Thomas Hutchinson, Junr. and
Elisha Hutchinson.

A particular Account of the late terrible Fire at Antigua; *taken from an* Antigua *News Paper.*

ST. JOHN'S *in* ANTIGUA, *Aug.* 26, 1769.

ON Thursday the 17th inst. between 2 and 3 in the afternoon, a fire broke out in Corn-street, in the neighbourhood of the Little Negro-market, at the house of Mrs. Finly, occasioned by a Negro heating an oven with part of a pitch-barrel. The alarm of fire being rung, the people ran to the place from all directions: in a short time the engines were brought, but were of little service, partly owing to their being much out of order, and partly to the awkwardness of those who had the management of them.

In this description of the buildings destroyed, I mean not to follow the traces of the fire in its progressive order, which was sometimes before, and sometimes against the wind, but take the rows or squares uniformly to east to west.

In a few minutes from the first eruption of the flames, they were communicated to the house of William Dickenson, Esq; in Newgate street, and in short, the whole square of houses, from Corn-street on the E. to Market-street on the W. and from Church-street on the S. and Newgate-street on the N. was reduced to ashes.

The guard-house and arsenal had now taken fire, and had it not been for the extraordinary activity of the officers and soldiers of the 68th Regiment, must have been destroyed. The artillery house on the W. and the Market-house and goal on the N. of the guard, were burnt down, with the whole square of houses in the westward direction to the Parade, terminated on the N. corner by a large brick house belonging to the heirs of Chester, and on the S. by Mr. John Watson, barber and peruke-maker's shop: On the opposite side of the Parade, the house of Mr. Daniel Hill, on the N. the large house lately occupied by Mr. John Payne, and the whole square of buildings, now the property of Mr. John Wand, with the wharf and crane, were destroyed to the S. the fire terminated on the N. side of these buildings, at the house of Mr. Elias Ferris.

To return to where the fire began its depredation on the next row of buildings.---The court-house, being a magnificent lofty stone building, was contrary to all expectation sav'd, tho' surrounded with flames on all sides. The house possessed by Samuel H. Warner, Esq; and the whole row quite to Church-street, with the square of buildings bounded by Long-street on the S. the parade on the W. and Church-street on the E. were entirely consumed: and from the Parade in the same western direction the whole square ending with Hockley's Tavern, to the water's edge, with Mr. Duncan Grant's wharf and crane on the S. and Mr. Livingston's crane on the N.

The destruction of the third row of buildings began to the eastward on a small square, bounded on the S. by High-street, alias Broad-street; on the W. by Market-street, on the E. by Corn-street, and on the N. by Long-street. Opposite to the S. corner of this square a house belonging to Mr. George Dalzell was blown up. From thence it spread desolation before the wind, to the westward, all that large and opulent square of buildings, consisting, to the southward, of the house of Mr. Thomas Lynch, that of Mr. Henry Bonnin, Mr. Thomas Mackie, senr. the New-Printing-Office, all the stores along the Parade, formerly distinguished by the name of White-hall Tavern, quite to the corner of High or Broad-street, and up that side the stores lately possessed by Messrs Clifford, Willison, Snaip, Martin, Sedgwick, Scotland, Ashton, W. Byam, Grice's Tavern, Tew, Rossington, and Grant, sadler. On this part of Market-street on the E. was burnt down three tenements; one a huxter's occupied by Phillip Hogan, the next by Mrs. Ann Sleigh, the third untenanted belonging to Thomas Sheppard, Esq. From the Parade on the westward, to the water's edge, with the wharfs and cranes inclusive, the fine square of stores and houses containing all the brick buildings from the corner store occupied by Mr. Andrew Ross and Co. to the cooperage of Mr. Walter Burke on the S. on the Parade side the stores of Messrs. Forbes, Rose, Weston, and Kukan, with two unoccupied on the north, Mr. Bowyer's, late Lindsay's tavern.

The eastermost part of the fourth row that was destroyed, was the house of Mrs. Elizabeth Grice which was blown up, with a design to stop the progress of the flames to the E. and S. but without the desired effect, on the south corner of the same row, the large house of Mrs. Martin was blown up, with such a dreadful explosion as shatter'd the house occupied by Mr. Simms on the E. and that of Mrs. Parke on the S. at the distance of near 60 feet, at which time Mr. John Carlile was so much hurt that he languished a few days and died in great agonies. The flames then devoured all before it, westward to the Parade, on both sides; in this square was, on the S. the Houses of Messrs. Buntin, Snaip, Smith, and the corner house and stores of Robert Brown Esq; on the North corner, the Custom-house, belonging to John Halliday, Esq;---opposite to which the store of Mess. Willock and Morson took fire, the consequence of which was, the destruction of the whole square, with the wharves and cranes adjoining (excepting one crane belonging to Thomas Mackie, sen.) quite to the harbour on the W. with that commonly called Dunbar's (now Fergusson's) stores and wharf. The large house belonging to the Estate of William H. Doig was several times on fire, but by incessant drenchings from the engines was surprizingly saved. This horrid sweep is taken through the center of the town of St. John's, leaving on the N. and S. sides a few streets of straggling houses, many of which are but inconsiderable; one thing is surprizingly singular, not a single merchant store is left in the whole place.---All the granaries with their contents, were destroyed; 17,000 barrels of salt provisions, 14,000 bushels of corn, and 1000 tierces of rice were destroyed. The rent-roll of the town is 37,000l. currency per annum, 18,000l. of which is destroyed, which, at twelve and an half year's purchase, amounts to 225,000l. the other damages sustained by the loss of provisions, goods, and devastation of buildings amounts to a far greater sum, so that according to the most moderate computation, the whole cannot be less than *three hundred thousand Pounds* sterling.

Thus fell St. John's, the metropolis of an Island, the pride and glory of her sisters, the seat of industry, the nurse of merchants, the beloved mansion of generous hospitality, and the central mart of the West-Indies! Whose harbour was ever crouded with fleets from the four winds, and whose wealth and grandeur was equalled by no place of its magnitude. Yesterday, an opulent rich, well-built town; to-day a pile of ruins, confusion, and smoaky ashes! Yesterday, its inhabitants giving each other a cheerful good-morrow; to-day meeting with tears and dejection in their countenances, reciprocally recounting their losses to each other, and can hardly trace the vestages of their late habitations. Let such as were not spectators to the tremendous scene, only figure to themselves the circumference of such a flame, the noise and crush of houses falling, the frequent dreadful explosions of others blown up, the convuls'd vortex of firey flakes in the air, with the shrieks and lamentations of the unhappy sufferers, intermixt with the yellings of the negro savages; I say, let them paint these in their imaginations, and with-hold their pity and commiseration if they can.---In short, the ruins of the place would beggar all description; for 'tis impossible by words, to raise an adequate idea of our distresses.

In this general calamity the council and assembly have used every possible means to prevent the Negroes from plundering the sufferers, to detect and bring to justice such as have been embezzling or concealing goods or other effects, and to restore some degree of regularity and order amongst the distressed inhabitants of this ruinated place. Every one seems eagerly solicitous to do good, and to alleviate the miseries of their afflicted neighbours. The merchants too, to their honor be it spoke, vie with each other in selling whatever part of their provisions they have saved from the fire to their fellow sufferers at the usual prices; generously scorning to snach at an advantage the general distress might give them of enhancing.

May other nations who read the fate and fall of this hapless place, without further supplication, think on its distresses, and exert their influence in contributing to its relief: perhaps the dejected inhabitants of St. John's may yet be able to raise its walls from their rubbish and ruins, and may God assist and prosper their endeavours.

NEW-YORK, Sept. 11.

THIS Day his EXCELLENCY SIR HENRY MOORE, BARONET, departed this Life in Fort-George, after 16 Days Illness, and in the Fifty-sixth Year of his Age. ——— We never had a Governor whose Death was more *deeply* and *deservedly* lamented.

He took the Command in November 1765: (a Month never to be forgotten for the Storms and Tumults excited by the pestilent Stamp-Act!) and has conducted himself, in an Administration *uncommonly perplexed* by the public Contests between the Mother Country and America, with such a Degree of Wisdom and Temper, as to gain the Approbation of his Sovereign and the Esteem of the People committed to his Care——Marks of distressing Affliction appear in every Countenance; for we had Hopes of his continuing at the Helm, till the dark Clouds that have so long impended, were totally dispelled.———

He supported his Government with *Dignity* and *Splendor*; and having as just a Sense of the Liberty of the Subject, as of the Prerogatives of the Crown, his Administration cannot be impeached by a single Act of Oppression on the one Hand, or Infidelity on the other.——Just, fair, clement and generous to all; and affectionately concerned for the Colony, he seized every Opportunity to promote its Prosperity;—And if in any Instance obstructed by the *Malignity of the Times*, no Member of the Community was more ready than he, to devise and execute Measures for gratifying the *public Weal*, and advancing the *common Weal*.

Temperate, polite and condescending, he was easy and accessible to the meanest; and being indefatigable in Business, he passed thro' the various and arduous Duties of his Station, with a Celerity, and Vigilance, Activity and Perseverance deserving the highest Applause.

Inheriting an unusual Share of Affluence from his Ancestors, his Education was *liberal*, and so were his Principles.——He countenanced Merit, regardless of all narrow, Party Distinctions, whether of a civil or religious Nature; and was thereby eminently qualified to govern a Colony consisting of Protestants of various Denominations.——He has attended Divine Worship at most of our Churches, and in no Part of his Conduct discovered an illiberal Partiality to *any* Sect, or that Contempt of *all*, so often the Foible of Men in elevated Stations.

But this is not a Time, to draw the Character of our late worthy Governor *at full Length*; we mean only to suggest a Hint to those at a Distance, in Justification of our Sense of the Loss, which this Colony has sustained, by a Calamity *doubly severe* from the peculiar State and Complexion of our public Affairs.——No Period will efface the favourable Impressions he has left upon our Minds, and every future Governor will deserve Commendation, in Proportion as he possesses the Abilities and imitates the Example of Sir HENRY MOORE.

The Governor's Remains were interred the Evening of the next Day, in the Chancel of Trinity Church. The Corps was preceeded by the Regiment, the Charity School-Boys, and then by the Clergy of *all Persuasions*.—His Majesty's Council supported the Pall.—His Excellency General Gage and Lord Drummond followed among the Mourning Relations; and in the Suit were the Physicians, the Judges, the Mayor, Magistrates and whole Corporation, the Members of the General Assembly, the Field-Officers, the Captains of his Majesty's Ships of War, and the General's Staff, the Commissioners for settling the Line of Partition, between this and the Colony of New-Jersey, the Surveyor General and Officers of the Customs, the Attorney General and Gentlemen of the Law, the Faculty of King's-College, and the principal Inhabitants of the City.—The Artillery brought up the Rear.——From the Moment he expired, all the Colours in the Harbour were half-hoisted,—all the Bells tolled a great Part of the Day.—Minute Guns were fired, during the Procession from the Fort to the Church, which was illuminated.—The Military Honours were paid with a striking Solemnity; and every Mark of Respect shewn, which the Rank and Station of the Deceased required, and which became an afflicted, grateful and affectionate People.——

☞ What a contrast is this to Gov. Barnards Character — vid. Stamp Act pa. 53. Vol. I.

☞ To Find Merchants agreement, Turn to Index.

Meſſrs. PRINTERS, *Fie*

MR. Robinſon ſeems highly to reſent it, that there ſhould be the leaſt ſuſpicion of a *preconcerted* plan to aſſaſſinate Mr. Otis, when he was ſo ungeneroufly aſſaulted in the Coffee-room; but the impartial publie will form its own judgment of this matter, founded upon more ſubſtantial Evidence than the Declaration of an *unknown* By-ſtander. I am ſorry there ſhould be room for any ſuſpicion of this kind; but when I hear it affirm'd that preparation was made that very day for *a duſt that was to be kick'd up* in the Evening,—when I am told that one dirty fellow was known to furniſh another dirty fellow with a ſword for the purpoſe—and that boats were in readineſs to carry off *certain perſons* at a minutes warning, I muſt confeſs it looks as if buſineſs of a very extraordinary nature was intended. It certainly cannot be accounted for upon any principle of honor, that many perſons in the company ſhould be ſuffer'd to crowd in upon Mr. Otis on purpoſe to hinder his making uſe of his own ſtrength; puſhing & pulling him as Mr. Gridley declares upon oath "to prevent his beating Mr. Robinſon" who had attack'd him, as in all likelihood he would otherwiſe have done. When we find one witneſs of undoubted veracity ſwearing that *means* were uſed to prevent Mr. Otis improving the advantage he manifeſtly had over his antagoniſt; others, that under theſe circumſtances, a number of ſticks at once were over Mr. Otis's head—a drawn ſword—the cry in the room G—d d—n him, meaning Mr. Otis, knock him down—kill him—kill him—all which has already been depoſ'd by credible witneſſes upon oath before the magiſtrate—Can any one from ſuch declarations of impartial men, entertain the leaſt doubt but that *ſome perſons* in the company had a deſign to aſſaſſinate Mr. Otis? ſince they not only called upon each other *to kill him*, but were actually endeavoring to perpetrate the murder to the utmoſt of their power. And when we are alſo aſſured by the teſtimony of another diſintereſted witneſs, that he heard a certain perſon talking of a wager he had loſt upon the iſſue of the matter, can there be any ſcruple that it was a *preconcerted* plan? This ſame certain perſon has of late been uncommonly efficious in the cauſe of the C——rs, and his name will ere long be expoſ'd—Whether Mr. Robinſon was privy to any ſuch plan, he beſt knows himſelf. I do not charge him with it. If he had agreed to Mr. Otis's propoſal to go abroad or withdraw to a private place, and there decide the controverſy between them, or if he had propoſ'd it himſelf, inſtead of attacking him in a public company, he would in my opinion have acted the part of a Gentleman and a man of Courage; and no one I ſuppoſe would ſuſpect that he had the leaſt intention to avail himſelf of *foul play*.

Mr. Robinſon takes a great deal of pains to have it believ'd that there was no foul play. He tells the publick that "no man beſides himſelf ſtruck Mr. Otis, or even offer'd him the leaſt *unfair play*". Mr. Gridley, in direct contradiction to what Mr. Robinſon aſſerts, upon oath declares, that there was "foul play", and that he proteſted againſt the "dirty uſage" which Mr. Otis receiv'd. I ſhall for my own part always place a greater confidence in what is ſaid by an indifferent perſon, than the aſſertion of a party—Mr. Robinſon indeed ſays that Mr. Gridley made himſelf a party; but one of his own witneſſes has declar'd upon oath that he apprehended Mr. Gridley's deſign was to ſeperate the parties or ſee fair play; which by no means places him in the light of a party man——Mr. Robinſon may entertain what opinion he pleaſes of his By-Stander, and ſo will the publie; it will be a difficult matter, if poſſible, for him, by any depoſitions, which by the way he promiſ'd us in the courſe of the laſt week, to invalidate the teſtimony of Mr. Gridley, in the minds of any who know him.—Mr. Robinſon moreover ſays, that he laid aſide his own ſword, upon ſeeing Mr. Otis without one. One would from hence conclude, that Mr. Robinſon had, *in this inſtance*, acted like a man who, to uſe his own expreſſion, "had nice ſentiments of honor." But circumſtances ſeem throughout the whole of this matter, to turn up unluckily for Mr. Robinſon.——Some of the firſt Surgeons in this city attended Mr. Otis, and upon a thoro' examination of the wound he received in his forehead, which was given by Mr. Robinſon, according to his own and his By Stander's account, they were all clear in their judgment, that it was the cut of an edged weapon. Did Mr. Robinſon then borrow another ſword, after he had, like a man of nice ſentiments of honor, laid aſide his own, becauſe Mr. Otis was without one? Or rather, did not ſome other perſon ſtrike Mr. Otis, and that with an edged weapon? This indeed is contrary to (1) Mr. Robinſon's and his good friend the By-Stander's account of the matter; but one or the other of theſe muſt be the concluſion, if the judgment of the Surgeons is of any weight, and they have as nice ſentiments of honor, as even Mr. Robinſon himſelf, and I dare ſay, are able to defend their judgment.——Mr. Robinſon may take his choice, either to acknowledge that he had the aſſiſtance of one at leaſt, *who fought too with an edged weapon*, in the combat with Mr. Otis, which the By-Stander pertly ſays ended greatly to the diſadvantage of Mr. Otis; or elſe, that he *was not ſincere* with the Public in ſaying that he laid by *his own* ſword, when he found Mr. Otis without one; for if he made uſe of a ſword, it was immaterial whether it was his own or another man's.

The By-Stander roundly aſſerts that twenty gentlemen in the room can prove that "neither ſword, cutlaſs or other edged weapon whatever was ſeen drawn." But the ill luck of Mr. Robinſon attends this man, who ſeems to make himſelf a *ſwift witneſs* in the matter.——I would juſt obſerve that if this By-Stander is as active in his limbs, as he appears to be in his tongue, which is called an *unruly evil*, he might for aught I know, be a match for Broughton himſelf; and perhaps he may have lent a fiſt too, when "the briſk manual exerciſe," as he tells us, enſued; which might entitle him to be preſent at *'Squire Froth's*, where ſome of the perpetrators rendezvouz'd, and mutual congratulations, as fame reports, paſs'd on the *grand occaſion*.—— But this by way of digreſſion — wherein I could have mentioned ſeveral curious anecdotes concerning the *Eſq'rs* diſmal apprehenſions the next morning, (having I ſuppoſe been worried in his dreams in the night) together with his ſage advice to the peace-officers, by no means to attempt to ſerve a precept on board a man of war; telling them it would be *hazardous*, and that men of war were lawleſs, perhaps the Eſquire meant, *privileged* places.—— But theſe things ſhall be related in due ſeaſon.——

Twenty Gentlemen, ſays the By Stander, (modeſtly eno') "can prove that neither, ſword, cutlaſs or other edged weapon whatever was ſeen drawn." How eaſily may the By-Stander and his twenty gentlemen be confuted by the *poſitive* teſtimony of one perſon of credit, who ſwore the other day before Mr. Juſtice Murray, "that a ſword *was* drawn"; and this by the way ſerves to confirm the judgment of the Surgeons ——— *Eſquire Murray* has had the honor of being mentioned to Lord Hillſborough by the *Nettlebam* Baronet as a "fit perſon" for a reforming Magiſtrate; and to my knowledge he took great care that juſtice ſhould be done to Mr. Robinſon.—I will not ſay that he appear'd *partial*, much leſs *very partial* in his favour, for that wou'd expoſe me to his Worſhip's reſentment, *which I very much dread*—this I will ſay, tho' Mr. Robinſon need not be told of it, that he uſed the utmoſt Caution in admitting queſtions that ſhould ſeem to prejudice his cauſe, when he *choſe to think* them in the leaſt degree impertinent or improper, and no one can blame his Worſhip for that! But to return to the By-ſtander, if twenty gentlemen can prove that neither Sword, Cutlaſs or any other edg'd Weapon whatever was ſeen drawn" is it not ſomewhat ſtrange, that beſides a number of ſticks, a ſcabboard ſhould be found on the floor, by a perſon who happened to enter the room ſoon after the affray ended? Whether it was a ſcabboard belonging to the ſword that was ſeen drawn in the hand of a perſon *dreſſed in green*, or another, is not very material—If any one doubts of the truth of what I have now related, I appeal to Mr. Otis a Deputy-Sheriff in this Town who has the ſcabboard in his poſſeſſion, where the owner *if he thinks proper* may apply for it.

This By-ſtander deals much in *negatives* Evidence; he ſays the "Words *Kill him*," were *not once* heard during the whole engagement": Unfortunately for him he is *again* confronted by a perſon upon Oath. Mr. Gridley ſwears that he heard "*divers* voices hollow out *Kill him! Kill him!* and he makes no doubt they meant ſaid Otis".—But Mr. Robinſon has promiſ'd, and I now call upon him to fulfil his promiſe, "to give the public an opportunity of judging" whether the bare Word of this By-ſtander, who conceals his Name, or the Oath of Mr. Gridley taken before two Magiſtrates, is more deſerving of Credit.

Your's,
AN IMPARTIALIST.

TO THE PUBLIC.

ALMOST thorough Diſdain of *John Mein*, is the true Cauſe of my not having hitherto given any Attention to his late public impertinent and arrogant Queries and Objections.

What an unparallel'd Stock of Aſſurance and Self-Confidence muſt this contemptible Fellow be poſſeſs'd of, to imagine himſelf entitled to call, Time after Time, with the moſt audacious Effrontery, upon one and another of his Superiors, for Anſwers to the moſt pert and ſaucy Queſtions that ever iſſued from the conceited, empty Noddle, of a moſt profound Blockhead! Who gave this Muſhroom Judge, Authority, to ſummon even a Chimney-Sweeper to his ridiculous Tribunal? or wantonly, preſumptuouſly, and very fallacioufly to aſſume the reſpectable Title of *The Public*, in his romantic and indecent Addreſſes to an affronted Comunity? From whence does this ſo late an abject and Cap-in-Hand Beggar, of Favours in a ſtrange Country, derive the Shadow of Right, to put on a dictatorial Air, and publickly to inſult his Benefactors? Ingratitude, Perverſeneſs, and the moſt obſtinate Self-Sufficiency, with a large Share of egregious Folly, can alone account for ſuch Inſolence and Stupidity; to the natural Conſequence of which I drop him with ineffable Contempt.—But leſt *any Part* of the Public ſhould be deceived by his Inſinuations reſpecting my Importation in the Suſanna, H. Johnſon, Maſter, *I now aſſure the World*, that, (tho' I hold not myſelf ſo cheap as to yield any Account to *John Mein*) if any *Gentleman* is yet unſatisfied, and chuſes to apply either to the Committee of Merchants or to me, he may and ſhall be convinced, beyond all Poſſibility of Doubt, that I did not deviate from the Agreement in *any* Inſtance, *of Courſe did not import any Tea*. But as I conſider the entering into any kind of Conteſt with *John Mein*, as too great a Stoop, and as any Notice being taken of him, even in Oppoſition, may tend to make him of ſome little Conſequence, and ſeems to be what he is aiming at, the Public will, I doubt not, excuſe my adding to the general Neglect of him, by never anſwering any of his future Publications, even though his conſummate Impudence, ſhould prompt him to be more vulgarly ſcurrilous, than he has already repeatedly been to the Committee of Merchants.

FRANCIS GREEN.

September 20, 1769.

Meſſieurs EDES & GILL,

Pleaſe to inſert the following, and you'll oblige,

Your's, E. C.

IF there are any among us ſo baſe as to break thro' a ſolemn Engagement, I would beg Leave of the Public to exculpate myſelf from the Scandal of being rank'd among the Number, by informing them that (altho' my Name juſtly appears in Meſſrs. Mein & Fleeming's Paper of laſt Thurſday as an Importer) at the Time the Agreement took Place here, I was in London; therefore cou'd not become a Subſcriber. Immediately after my Return, underſtanding the Agreement was general, and ſtrictly adher'd to, that I might not be any Ways inſtrumental in counteracting the good Deſign, I unſollicited countermanded large Orders which I left in London for Spring Goods; thereby in a great Meaſure fruſtrating my Deſign in going Home. The few Haberdaſhery Goods which arrived, I had ordered and expected to be ſent immediately after me, which was the only Reaſon of my not countermanding them. One of the Committee was fully ſatisfied by me at the Time, of the Truth of the above, and of the trifling Value of the Goods, which prove that there could not be either a fraudulent or mercenary Deſign in that Importation.

EDWARD CHURCH.

The following are the DEPOSITIONS *of two Gentlemen of unſuſpected Reputation:*

ON Tueſday the 5th Inſtant being in a Shop almoſt oppoſite the Britiſh Coffee-Houſe, I heard on a ſudden an unuſual Noiſe there, which made me curious enough to go and ſee what was the matter. When I entered the Coffee-Room I perceiv'd two Gentlemen fighting with each other, the reſt of the Company round them. I perceived ſeveral people ruſh upon Mr. Otis, but in particular when Mr. Otis made a Trip (as they call it) at Mr. Robinſon, which I believe would have brought him to the ground if he had not been ſupported by many people, who held him up. A young Gentleman (who I hear was Mr. Gridley) ſeeing the ungentleman Behaviour of the Company went up (as I ſuppoſe) to have fair play ſhown: when immediately ſeveral people with Sticks ſtruck at Mr. Gridley in particular, and then (if I don't miſtake) he was turn'd out of the Coffee-Room Door along with Mr. Otis. Mr. Gridley in a ſhort Time made his Appearance the ſecond Time with his Arm (if I don't miſtake) tied up, and his Face very much diſfigured with Blood, who ſaid they were all a Pack of cowardly Raſcals to take ſuch an Advantage of a ſingle Man, and told them altho' one of his Arms were diſabled, he would fight any cowardly Raſcal of them all: when he left the Coffee-Room the ſecond Time I heard ſeveral Gentlemen ſay he deſerv'd what he got and as much more, for making himſelf ſo buſy; but in particular I heard Mr. John Mein ſay that he was very glad if Mr. Otis had got as much more; but ſaid he was ſorry for Mr. Gridley, as he believed he was an honeſt Fellow. I heard him ſay to ſome other Man he loſt ſome Wine about it, but ſhould pay it with the greateſt Pleaſure. Upon the whole, as I was a Stander-by, in my Opinion there was foul Play ſhewn to Mr. Otis.

THOMAS BRETT.

Suffolk, ſſ. *Boſton, Sept.* 21, 1769. } THE above-named *Thomas Brett*, late of *Cork*, in the Kingdom of *Ireland*, Merchant, made Oath to the above-written Affidavit, taken to perpetuate the Remembrance of the Thing. Before,

RICHARD DANA, Juſtice of the Peace and of the Quorum.
SAMUEL PEMBERTON, Juſtice of the Peace.

I *Mungo Mackey*, of lawful Age, teſtify and ſay, That on the Evening of Tueſday the 5th of September Inſtant, between ſeven and eight o'Clock, being in the Street near the Front Door of the Coffee-Houſe in *Boſton*, hearing an unuſual Noiſe in the Coffee-Room, I went in and ſaw a Crowd of People, in the Middle of which I perceived a Man huſtled back by the Crowd towards the Door in the Entry, but ſoon ſaw the ſame Man advance towards the Middle of the Room, with his Arms up, as though he was ſtriking at ſome Perſon, which Perſon I then knew not, but afterwards heard his Name was Robinſon. The Perſon who was huſtled by the Crowd was bare-headed, and I obſerved a Number of Sticks at leaſt three over his Head, and the Blood running; and as I approached nearer I found it to be James Otis, Eſq; I ſaw two Officers of the Navy talking together, one of whom ſaid, "You have come too late to ſee your Friend Otis have a good Drubbing"; to which he replied, "I am very glad of it, he deſerved it." I ſaw William Burnet Brown in the Room with a Whip in his Hand, who came up to Capt. Bradford who was looking for Mr. Otis's Hat & Wig, and aſked him in a ſtornful Manner what he looked at him for, it appeared to me that he had a Deſire to pick a Quarrel with Capt. Bradford. I further declare that after the Confuſion was over, I looked around and obſerved that the Company in the Room were almoſt all of them Officers of the Army and Navy.

MUNGO MACKEY.

Suffolk, ſſ. *Boſton, Sept.* 21, 1769. } CAPT. *Mungo Mackey* above-named made Oath to the Truth of the above-written Affidavit, taken at the Requeſt of James Otis, Eſq; to perpetuate the Remembrance of the Thing. Before,

RICHARD DANA, Juſtice of the Peace and of the Quorum.
SAMUEL PEMBERTON, Juſtice of the Peace.

Meſſieurs EDES & GILL,

Pleaſe to inſert the following in your next, and you'll oblige your's, J. G.

I Heartily agree in Sentiment with Mr. Robinſon, that "the Man who appeals to the Public, ſhould confine himſelf within the verge of truth, and for his own ſake within the bounds of Credibility"(3) If he is Owner of a Bible, I would recommend to him to ſtudy it, and particularly that Paſſage which ſays "all Men are Liars." I ſhould be glad to know what Opinion he entertains of himſelf among the human Species. I acknowledge myſelf greatly obliged to the *Gentleman* that he is ſo "much inclined to pay a proper Regard to Mr. Gridley's Relation of the Matter." I wiſh it was in my Power, conſiſtent with Truth, to return the Compliment. It is ſomewhat extraordinary that Mr. Robinſon in his exalted Station ſhould condeſcend to read, but not in any Degree ſurprizing he ſhould not underſtand, for which I pity him: His further Notice of the Matter *in this Way* I ſhall treat with due Contempt.

JOHN GRIDLEY.

The Depoſitions taken Yeſterday at the Deſire of Mr. Robinſon, before Juſtice Murray and Juſtice Quincy, are corroborating Proofs of the Truth of my Affidavit.

The Managers of *Faneuil*-Hall

LOTTERY Letter E. hereby Notify the Public, That they are abſolutely determined that the Drawing of ſaid Lottery ſhall Commence on the Third Day of *November* next, at *Faneuil*-Hall, where thoſe who Incline may attend. A few Tickets remaining on Hand may be had of the Managers.

To be Sold very reaſonably,

A ſtrong HORSE, about 15 Hands high, Pages and Trotts, and is ſuitable for Saddle or Chaiſe.—Alſo a MARE, near 4 Years old. Enquire at *Benjamin Bagnall*'s Watch-maker in Cornhill.

(2) Commiſſioners (3) Charles Paxton & Gov.r Barnard pa. 464. (1) vid. pa. 658. (2) vid. pa. 669. (3) Jn.o Mean. (1) vid. pa. 680 (2) vid. Agreement pa. 199 (3) vid. pa. 680 (4) vid. pa. 669.

Last Saturday fortnight arrived at New York, the Earl of Halifax Packet, Capt. Bolderson, in 32 Days from Falmouth, by whom we have London Prints to the 30th of August, from whence we have the following Advices, viz.

WARSAW, July 19.

YESTERDAY a courier arrived here with advice, that the Ruſſian army, commanded by Prince Gallatzin, after having repaſſed the Nieſter, attacked and beat the 13th of this month, a corps of the army of 30,000 Turks, commanded by the Seraſkier.

The ſame courier further informs us, that a body of Ruſſian troops commanded by General Berg, hath alſo beaten the Tartars, and killed 6000 men.

LONDON,

July 20. We are informed, that almoſt all the Freeholders in and near Kingſton, have already ſigned the Surry Petition, and it is thought that nine in every ten of the reſient Freeholders in the county will follow their example. It is ſaid that Petitions will ſhortly be preſented from Norwich, Lynne, Yarmouth, and other towns in Norfolk.

The greateſt vigilance has been exerted by the M——y to prevent the Freeholders of the county of Kent, from aſſembling to conſider of a Petition at the preſent juncture; but we hear it is univerſally determined to approach the throne with their complaints.

It is ſaid that Lord B——'s being ſent for in ſuch haſte, is on account of the preſent critical ſituation of ſome of his friends, and particularly a late P—— ——r.

It is remarkable, that the return of a Noble Peer from abroad, was made with ſo much privacy, that not the leaſt account has arrived from any town, either in this or in foreign Kingdoms, of his paſſage through ſuch Places. Many, however, aſſert, that he has actually been arrived here theſe two months: while ſome, perhaps more ſceptical, doubt whether he has ever been abroad at all.

Since the arrival of a certain Nobleman, bets are greatly in favour of the Miniſtry, as it is ſaid, conciliating meaſures are ſtrongly recommended to them.

July 27. We can aſſure our readers, upon the beſt grounds, that all the reports of the Earl of C—th—m having declared, in a certain high place, that he approves and will ſupport the meaſures of the preſent adminiſtration, are totally deſtitute of truth, and propagated in order to miſlead the public, by an artifice equally mean and unavailing; nothing being more certain, than that the above Noble Earl has the juſteſt ſenſe of the fatal miſchiefs in which the errors of Adminiſtration have involved both King and People; and that this Noble Peer truly reverences and loves the whole frame of our wiſe conſtitution, whereof the tranſcendent and ſacred right to free and independent elections is the only ſure baſis.

The rough treatment a certain noble D—— lately received in a place of worſhip, we hear, has determined him not to be ſo pious for the future.

They write from Vienna, that the moſt outragious diſorder reigns in the Turkiſh dominions, from which the moſt melancholy conſequences are expected with regard to Poland, and perhaps all Europe.

The Duke of Cumberland's Squadron ſtill remains at Spithead.

Auguſt 3. By letters from Leghorn, dated July 8, which arrived yeſterday, we learn, that Gen. Paoli was then in that city, and that his brother Clement was dangerouſly ill.

We are told General Paoli is not coming here; for ſome people ſay, orders have been ſent to our Conſul at Leghorn, to diſſuade the General from ſuch an intention, ſhould he be inclined to it.

Aug. 5. It was this morning confidently reported that Lord Chatham will ſoon be again in the Adminiſtration, his Lordſhip's Health being perfectly eſtabliſhed.

A certain Nobleman on his return from a late country excurſion, ordered his attendants to keep at the diſtance of a mile from his carriage, leſt their liveries being known he ſhould be inſulted.

It is confidently reported, that the Spaniards have at Ferrol, not leſs than 34 ſhips of the line, ready to ſail at a fortnight's notice.

It is now currently reported, that the Marquis of Rockingham will ſpeedily be appointed to a conſiderable poſt in the Adminiſtration.

It was yeſterday reported, that the Marquis de Buffey, is again appointed Ambaſſador to this Court from that of France, and he is expected to arrive here ſoon after Michaelmas.

Aug. 10. On Thurſday laſt the Earl of Bute, and the Duke of Graſton, had a conference at the Earl's Houſe in South-Audley Street.

The Grenvillian congreſs ſtill continues to be frequently held, either at Stowe, or the other houſes of the members of it; and there ſeems a great unity of the two Earls with each other, and of both with the 'Squire. This gives great hopes and expectations to their friends, and to thoſe who wiſh a change of men and meaſures.

It has been remarked that Lord B—— while in office procured penſions for more men of letters than any of his predeceſſors did before, or his ſucceſſors have done ſince.

The Earl of Chatham is expected in town to-morrow, to aſſiſt at the grand council then to be held at St. James's.

BOSTON, September 18.

Wedneſday laſt was held in this Town the annual Convention of the Epiſcopal Clergy of this and the neighbouring Provinces: A Sermon was preached at King's Chapel on the Occaſion, by the Rev. Mr. THOMPSON of Scituate.

We hear from New-Haven, that on the 13th Inſt. a public Commencement was held there, and that JOHN HANCOCK, and THOMAS BRATTLE, Eſq'rs; of this Town, who were at New-Haven, were preſented with the Honorary Degree of Maſter of Arts, at that College.

Mr. Hancock propoſed a Tour to Philadelphia before his Return.

We hear that a Perſon who had informed againſt a Merchant at New Haven, reſpecting a Veſſel then in the Weſt-Indies, was ſent for by the principal People there, he living 4 Miles from Town, and bro't in about 5 Minutes: they ordered him to the middle of the Town Square, and being exalted on an Eminence, acknowledged his Fault, promiſed never to offend again: A Frock was put on him which they tarr'd, then emptying two Pillars of Feathers on him, and fixing a pair of Horns on his Head, was ſent about his Buſineſs: he ran off as faſt as he could in this ignominious Dreſs; but not the leaſt Harm was done to his Body.

Thurſday Morning laſt came on at Portſmouth the Trial of Capt. Cavenaugh, for the ſuppoſ'd Murder of Capt. Henderſon, which laſted about ten Hours, when the Honorable Judges were unanimous in their Opinion that he had no Malice, Deſign, or Intention to kill the Deceas'd. It was then committed to the Jury, who in about half an Hour brought in their Verdict, Manſlaughter only.

On Friday laſt being the Anniverſary of his Majeſty's Coronation, the Guns at Caſtle-William were diſcharged, as were thoſe at the ſeveral Batteries in this Town and Charleſtown, and his Majeſty's Ships in the Harbour.—The Train of Artillery belonging to the Regiment of Militia in this Town made a handſome Appearance at Twelve o'Clock in Kingſtreet. In going through the various Manouvres they gave univerſal Satisfaction to the numerous Spectators, and all acknowledg'd that they did great Honor to themſelves and their Country.

On Friday laſt a Coaſter belonging to Scituate was paſſing one of the Ships of War in this Harbour, when they doub'd their Main Sail, but it not being quite to the Satisfaction of the Commanding Officer of the Ship, they ſent their Boat on board, and upon the Officer's ſtepping upon the Sloop's Deck, he immediately drew a Cutlaſs, with which he ſtruck the Maſter of the Coaſter on the Cheek, which cut a Gaſh near three Inches long, after which he damn'd him for not ſhewing more Reſpect to the King's Ship, and then cut the Halliards of the Main Sail and let the Sail run down upon Deck——We are told that the Coaſter apply'd to the Lieut. Governor for his Advice and Aſſiſtance in procuring Redreſs for this naval and inſolent but now a-days too common Treatment, given ſome of his Majeſty's American Subjects——We do not yet learn how his Honor adviſed or conducted on this Occaſion.

Yeſterday died here in the 36th Year of her Age, Mrs. Elizabeth Inches, Conſort of Mr. Henderſon Inches, of this Town, Merchant.

Sundry Articles of London Intelligence, and Pieces of Speculation, we are oblig'd to omit for want of Room.

The Publick are hereby informed

that the Perſon lately taken with the Small Pox in Ann-Street, and three others at New-Boſton have been removed to the Hoſpital in that Part of the Town; which with a Woman living near the Horſe Shoes are the only Perſons among us who have that Diſtemper or the Symptoms of it. Theſe Houſes are fenced in and well guarded to prevent a Communication of the Infection.

By Order of the Seleſt-Men,
WILLIAM COOPER, *Town-Clerk.*

Boſton, September 25, 1769.

To be Sold by PUBLICK VENDUE, the 30th of *October* next, if not ſold before at private Sale,

Four wooden Tennements in good

Repair, with convenient Yard Room and a Well of good Water, in Short-Street, South End of Boſton—The Sale to be on the Spot at 12 o'Clock on ſaid Day——Any Perſon inclining to purchaſe at private Sale, may apply to the Printers hereof.

TO BE SOLD,
By Charles Hamock,
At his Wine Cellar in Royal-Exchange Lane,

EMPTY Wine Pipes, half ditto, two Barrel Tierces, Rum Hogſheads, Quarter Caſks. Likewiſe good old Frontineac Wine, &c.

Choice CAPERS

By the Keg or ſingle Pound,
To be Sold by
Archbald Cunningham,
At his Shop near the Draw-Bridge in Fore-ſtreet, *Boſton.*
AS ALSO,

BOHEA TEA, Suſhon and Hyſon Tea, Brown and Loaf Sugar, Raiſins, Figs, Currants, Jordan Almonds, Piemento, Pepper, Mace, Cinnamon, Cloves, Nutmegs, Salt-Petre, Race and Ground Ginger, Cotton Wool, Wool Cards, Muſtard, Rice, Chocolate, Coffee, Crown Soap, Redwood, Logwood, Allum, Copperas, Flaſk Oyl, choice Indigo, Poland and common Starch, beſt TD Pipes by the Box or leſſer Quantity, Kippen's Snuff, Tilloch's Pigtail Tobacco, a good Aſſortment of Delph, Stone, Glaſs and Cream-coloured Ware, and many other Articles which will be ſold at a moderate Price, by Wholeſale or Retail.

Extraordinary good, and very

freſh Orange Juice, and that would keep good for Ten Years, and of a rich, ſoft, pleaſant Taſte in Punch, that many of the beſt Punch-Taſters prefer to any Lemons, at ONE DOLLAR per Gallon, ſold by JOHN CROSBY, at the Baſket of Lemons, South-End.

DUMB FISH.

A Few Quintals of choice Iſle Shoal Dumb Fiſh, to be Sold by CHARLES MILLER, on *Minot's* T——

TO be Sold, a new handſome genteel Two Wheel Chariot, and a ſecond-hand Chaiſe. Inquire of Edes and Gill.

TO BE SOLD
On THURSDAY next.
By Benjamin Church,
At his uſual Place of Sale;
A great Variety of valuable Articles, viz.

BRoad Cloths, Kerſeys, Thickſetts, Iriſh Holland, Checks, Callicoes, Grizets, Poplins, figur'd Pelongs, Mens, Womens and Childrens Hoſe, Caps, Handkerchiefs, Bed-Ticken, ſeveral Lots beſt Genoa Velvet, &c. Houſe Furniture, &c. Wearing Apparel, Watches, &c.

ALSO, Two Negro Men, and a good Fall-back Chaiſe and Harneſs.

On *Friday* next,
At Ten o'Clock in the Morning,
Will be Sold by PUBLIC VENDUE,
At the Auction-Room in Queen-ſtreet,
Some Houſe Furniture, and Variety of
Engliſh GOODS,——among which are,——
An excellent Eight Day Clock,
Mahogony Tables, Leather bottom and other Chairs, Feather Beds, a neat Four-Poſt Bedſtead compleat, Scotch Carpets, China and Glaſs Ware, ſome Kitchen Furniture, &c.——Alſo, Broad Cloths, white Jeans, figur'd Wittin, Mens and Boys worſted Hoſe, black Breeches Patterns, four Suits of Mens Apparrel, Gold Laced Hatts, fine white Counterpanes, fine ſtript Ginghams, Wiltons, &c. &c.

J. Ruſſell, Auctioneer.
FRIDAY next---TEN in the Morning.

WHEREAS the Proprietors of *Aſhburnham*, in the County of *Worceſter*, formerly called *Dorcheſter Canada*, have in ſundry Advertiſements in the *Boſton-Gazette*, requeſted all thoſe who had any Demands upon them to ſend in their Accompts, yet ſeveral have neglected it, This is therefore to deſire all who have any Demands on the Propriety to ſend their Accompts ſpeedily to any of the following Gentlemen, appointed a Committee for ſettling the Accompts, *viz.*

Lieut. Col. *Caleb Wilder*, at *Lancaſter*.
Lieut. *Iſaac Stearns*, at *Billerica*.
Mr. *Alexander Hill*, at his Store South-Side the Town-Dock, *Boſton*.

Boſton, Sept. 1769.

TO BE SOLD BY
Abigail Davidſon,
In Seven Star Lane, *BOSTON*,
This Fall or next Spring,
A large Collection of the beſt Sorts of young grafted and inoculated Fruit Trees, ſuch as

CHERRIES, Pears, Peaches, Plumbs, Apricots, Nectarines, Apples, Quinces, Lime-Trees, Engliſh Elm Trees, Grape-Vines of all Sorts, red & white Dutch Currant Buſhes, Box for Edgings of Walks.——Alſo, Garden Seeds raiſed here, which are more ſuitable for the Weſt-Indies than any imported.—Alſo, dry'd Sweet Herbs, Marjoram, Thyme, Sage, Baum, Summer Savory, —Alſo, Garlick, Shalots, and Horſe-Radiſh, to be ſold cheaper than any in *Boſton*.

All Perſons having Accounts open

with the late Company of Meſſrs. *Richard & Joſeph Billings*, are deſired as ſoon as may be, to come and ſettle the ſame with the Subſcriber, Attorney to ſaid Company.
JOSEPH TURELL.

All Perſons having De-

mands on, or that are Indebted to the Eſtate of *William Torrey*, late of *Boſton*, Baker, deceas'd, are deſired to bring in their Accounts to *Bathiah Torrey*, Adminiſtratrix to ſaid Eſtate, in order for Settlement.

Boſton, Sept. 13, 1769.

TO BE LETT,
A HOUSE with a Shop to it in Marlboro'-Street, next Door North of *William Blair Townſend*, Eſq; Alſo, a Houſe and Shop in ſaid Street, oppoſite to Dr. *Gardner's*. Inquire of Edes and Gill.

To be ſold, Two likely, healthy

ſtrong Negro Fellows, one about 25 Years old, the other about 21, ſuitable for Town or Country Buſineſs. Enquire of the Printers.

RAN-away from Benjamin Davis of Newbury Port, ſail-maker, on Saturday the 9th inſtant, an apprentice lad named Jacob Cooper. Had on when he went away, a blue ſerge coat and jacket, dunkeen breeches, check linnen ſhirt, grey worſted ſtockings, wore his own hair. Whoever ſhall take up ſaid boy, and bring him to his maſter, ſhall have FOUR DOLLARS reward, and all neceſſary charges paid. by BENJ. DAVIS.

All maſters of veſſels and others, are hereby cautioned againſt harbouring, concealing or carrying off ſaid Runaway on penalty of the law. *Newbury-Port, Sept.* 22.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *BOSTON.*

ENTERED IN. *from*

Schooner Two Friends, Pulling, *Canſo*
Sloop Polly, Boyd, *New-London*
Sloop Polly, Doane, *ditto*
Schooner Elizabeth, Smith, *Nova-Scotia*
Sloop Molly, Chapman, *Philadelphia*
Schooner Polly, McPhune, *Virginia*
Sloop Betſey, Small *Grenada & St. Euſtatia*
Sloop Wilkes, Riordan, *Tortola*
Sloop Charming Polly, Eldridge, *Cape Nichola*
Snow Pembroke, Cockran, *ditto*
Brig Squid, Ames, *ditto*
Schooner Induſtry, Davis, *Tortola & St. Thomas's*
Sloop Harriſon, Samſon, *Cape Nichola & St. Euſtatia*
Schooner Neptune, Denniſon, *Dominica & St. Euſtatia.*

OUTWARD BOUND. *for*

Schooner Britannia, Cobb, *Quebec*
Schooner Succeſs, Martin, *Weſt-Indies*
Sloop Hope, Binney, *ditto*
Sloop Ranger, Laha, *Halifax*
Sloop Polly, Boyd, *New-London*
Schooner Two Williams, Baker, *St. Kitt's*
Brig Caledonia, Porter, *Glaſgow.*

Buried in the Town of Boſton ſince our laſt, Twenty-eight Whites Two Blacks.
Baptiz'd in the ſeveral Churches, Nine.

High Water at Boſton, *for this preſent Week.*

Monday, 58 *m. after* 7		*Friday*, 23 *m. after* 11
Tueſday, 50 *m. after* 8		*Saturday*, 18 *m. aft.* 12
Wedneſday, 44 *m. aft.* 9		*Lord's day*, 0 *m. aft.* 1
Thurſday, 36 *m. aft.* 10		*New M.* 21 *Day*, 9 *m. aft.*

// Miniſtry & Bute. & Pay Maſter. For L.d Holland. m. Chatham v. Duke & See Pa. 662.

To the PUBLIC.

Whereas I the Subſcriber did on the 10th Day of laſt May, purchaſe of William Hambleton Scholar, a Bank Bill of England and two private Bankers promiſſary Notes, to the Value of Fifty one Pounds Ten Shillings Sterling; which Bills did I remit to the Correſpondents at London, ſince which ſaid Bank Bill and Promiſſary Notes have been publickery Protested as abſolute Forgeries, by GYLES LOARE principal Notary of the City of London: And am therefore authorized and requeſted by the Governor of the Bank of England, to advertiſe ſaid Wm. Hambleton Scholar as a notorious Cheat, and uſe my beſt Endeavours that he may be apprehended, and ſecured in any of his Majeſty's Gaols in America, that he may be brought to Juſtice.

The Company of Bankers alſo requeſt the Publiſhers of the ſeveral News-Papers, through the ſeveral Provinces, to publiſh this Advertiſement, as the Public are greatly intereſted in this Affair, as ſaid Wm. Hambleton Scholar has about fifty Bank Bills, all ſtruck off of a Copper-Plate in the neateſt Manner, and ſo near the true ones as to be hardly preceivable except by thoſe who are uſed to them; and it is uncertain which way he may Travel, therefore it is preſumed that the detecting ſo great a Villian will be doing a real Service to the Public. He has been twice Tranſported and the laſt time upon pain of Death if he ever returned. Yet had the conſummate impudence to pretend that he was Captain of a Brig named the William & Mary, and that ſhe was wrack'd near New-York, alſo ſhew'd me a Proteſt againſt ſaid Brig, ſigned by two Juſtices of peace belonging to New-York who's names I can't remeinber which is an intire falſhood and the names fooged.———

PHILIP FREEMAN, jun'r.

N. B. The Said Wm. Hambleton Scholar, is a young Man of about 23 Years of age, 5 Foot 4 Inches high, wears his own Hair; when I purchaſed the Bills he had only two Suits of Cloaths, the one a light mix'd Broad-Cloth trim'd with black, the other a Pompadore colour, trim'd with the colour of the Cloth. Boſton, 19th Sept. 1769.

WANTED,

A Quantity of Bees-Wax.

Enquire at Mr. *Thomas Lee's* Store in King-Street.

GILBERT DEBLOIS

NOTIFIES his Town and Country Cuſtomers, That he has a large Aſſortment of Winter Goods, with many other Sorts, Imported laſt Fall from London, which are to be ſold at the very loweſt Rates, at his Shop oppoſite Bottom School-Street, near the late Rev. Dr. *Sewall's* Meeting-Houſe.

LIKEWISE TO BE SOLD,

A large Brick Dwelling-Houſe, known by the Name of CONCERT-HALL, ſituated in Queen-Street, well calculated for Publick Entertainments. Said Hall being the genteeleſt of any in *America*.

*** The Price will be low, and Payment may be made any Time within Three Years, giving good Security for the Money, for further Particulars enquire of ſaid Deblois.

For *LONDON*,

The Brig *William*,

JOSEPH ROTCH, Maſter; Burthen about 140 Tons, laying at the South Side of the Long-Wharf, having Two Thirds of her Cargo engaged, and will ſail at fartheſt in Three Weeks, for Freight or Paſſage apply to Peter Hughes, at his Store leading down to Mr. Nathan Spear's Wharf, or the Maſter on Board.

Good CYDER at £3, O. T. a Barrel—Empty Wine Pipes, and Weſt-India Rum Hogſheads, and choice Vinegar,

To be Sold at

Blanchard's Wine-Cellar,

On Dock-Square, BOSTON.

WANTS EMPLOYMENT,

IN Writing, either in Merchants Books or otherwiſe—a Perſon who underſtands Buſineſs. Inquire of Edes and Gill.

Any Perſon who has a good

Houſe and Farm upon the Main Road, within Twenty Miles of Boſton, and is inclin'd to let the ſame, may by applying to the Printers, hear of one who is deſirous of taking a Leaſe of it, and would enter on it immediately.

CHALK.

A Few Tons remain to be Sold, at a GUINEA per Ton.—Alſo a Ship's Long-Boat, almoſt new.—Inquire of Edes and Gill.

THE Eſtate of Mr. *Michael Berry*, late of *Boſton*, deceaſed, being rendered inſolvent, and ſix Months allowed the Creditors to bring in their Claims and prove their Debts—The Commiſſioners appointed by the Hon. *Foſter Hutchinſon*, Eſq; Judge of Probates for the County of *Suffolk*, to receive and examine ſaid Claims——GIVE NOTICE, That they ſhall attend ſaid Service at the Britiſh Coffee-Houſe in *Boſton*, on the firſt Thurſday of the Six following Months, from Six to Nine o'Clock, P. M. *Boſton, September* 18, 1769.

Drifted from *Gloceſter* Harbour

(in the late Storm) on Friday the 8th Inſtant, a Moſes Boat, about 14 Feet, her Gunwale broke on the Starboard ſide, not Painted. Whoever may take up ſaid Boat and return her to Mr. *Daniel Rogers* of ſaid Place, or inform the Printers hereof, they ſhall be paid for their Trouble. *Gloceſter, Sept.* 12, 1769.

To be Sold very Cheap for Caſh,

A ſmall SLOOP about 28 Tons Burthen, almoſt New, Boſton built and is well found. For further Particulars enquire of Mr. *Nathan Spear*, at his Wharf. *Boſton, Sept.* 18, 1769.

Stop'd a few Days ago, an old

faſhion'd Silver Spoon much worn, with the London Hall Mark on it, the Name cut off, ſuppos'd to be Stolen, the Owner may have it again, deſcribing the Marks and paying for this Advertiſement: Enquire of Edes & Gill.

Juſt Publiſhed, and to be ſold by the Printers hereof, Price, ONE SPANISH DOLLAR,

EVERY MAN *His own* LAWYER.

OR,

A Summary of the Laws of ENGLAND, in a new and inſtructive Method, under the following Heads, viz.

I. Of Actions and Remedies, Writs, Proceſs, Arreſts, and Bail.

II. Of Courts, Attornies and Solicitors therein, Juries, Witneſſes, Trials, Executions, &c.

III. Of Eſtates and Property in Lands and Goods, and how acquired; Anceſtors, Heirs, Executors and Adminiſtrators.

IV. Of the Laws relating to Marriage, Baſtardy, Infants, Ideots, Lunaticks.

V. Of the Liberty of the Subject, *Magna Charta*, the *Habeas Corpus* Act, and other Statutes.

VI. Of the King and his Prerogative, the Queen and Prince, Peers, Judges, Sheriffs, Coroners, Juſtices of Peace, Conſtables, &c.

VII. Of publick Offences, Treaſon, Murder, Felony, Burglary, Robbery, Rape, Sodomy, Forgery, Perjury, &c. And their Puniſhment.

All of them ſo plainly treated of, that all Manner of Perſons may be particularly acquainted with our LAWS and STATUTES, concerning Civil and Criminal Affairs, and know how to defend Themſelves and their Eſtates and Fortunes.

THIS DAY PUBLISHED,

And Sold by EDES & GILL,

[*Price* One Piſtarene and Half.]

LETTERS

TO the MINISTRY from Governor *Bernard*, General *Gage*, and Commodore *Hood*. And alſo, MEMORIALS to the Lords of the Treaſury, from the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms. With ſundry LETTERS and PAPERS annexed to the ſaid Memorials.

ASSESSORS-OFFICE, BOSTON, Auguſt 30, 1769.

WHEREAS the Aſſeſſors are required by Law to give ſeaſonable Warning to the Inhabitants to give or bring in to them true and perfect Lists of their Polls and rateable Eſtates they are poſſeſſed of on the Firſt Day of September next:

THESE *are to notify the Inhabitants of the Town of* Boſton, *to give or bring into the Aſſeſſors a true and perfect Liſt of their Polls and rateable Eſtates, agreeable to the Tenor of ſaid Act, for which Purpoſe they ſhall attend to receive the ſame at their Chamber at the Eaſt End of Faneuil-Hall-Market, from Monday the Fourth to the Fifteenth of* September, *at the uſual Hours, on every Day, except Lord's-Day and Saturday; and it is deſired none would neglect complying with the Law.*

By Direction of the Aſſeſſors.

American GRINDSTONES,

Of all Sizes,

Manufactured in *Nova-Scotia*,

TO BE SOLD by HENRY BASS, at his Store adjoining the Golden-Ball, *Boſton*.

*** As he has them from the Maker, he is determined to ſupply the Town and Country on the moſt reaſonable Terms: Theſe Grindſtones are by the beſt Judges eſteemed vaſtly ſuperior to thoſe from Great-Britain, the Grit being much ſmaller:——He makes great Allowance to thoſe who purchaſe to ſell again.

Continue Selling at the Houſe of the

late Mr. JOHN SMITH, in Hanover-Street, *Boſton*, viz.

BAG Holland—Cambricks—Lawns—Muſlins——Chints—black Velvet—Luteſtrings—Capuchin Silk Silk Handkerchiefs—Gauze ditto—Paduſoy Bonnets and Hats—Gauze ditto—Mens and Womens Kid Gloves—Womens Silk ditto—Scotch Threads.——ALSO,—Paſte Shoe and Knee Buckles—Rings—Necklaces and Earings of all Sorts—Sleeve Buttons—Pocket Books—Pencil ditto——plated Candleſticks and Spurs——China Images—a great Variety of Snuff-Boxes—Tweezer Caſes Smelling Bottles—and many other Articles.

ALL which will be Sold a Quarter leſs than the Sterling Coſt, in order that the Sale may be finiſhed as ſoon as poſſible.

TO BE SOLD,

A Likely Negro Woman about 36 Years of Age, can do all Sorts of Houſe Work, and has had the Small-Pox. Inquire of Edes and Gill.

TO BE SOLD,

Spring Beaver, Racçoon Skins,

Deerſkins in the Hair and Indian dreſt, all of the beſt Kind: Enquire of *Martin Gay*, in Union-Street.

To be ſold on reaſonable Terms, or exchang'd for an Eſtate in Boſton;

A *FARM* in *Acton*, containing

150 Acres of Land, with a Houſe and Barn thereon, and about 60 Acres under Improvement, 24 Miles from Boſton; and 600 Acres of unimproved Land in *Meaſon*, and 400 Acres in *Merrimack* in the Province of *New-Hampſhire*, 45 Miles from *Boſton*; Inquire of Edes and Gill.

WANTED to live in a Family, a BOY that can tend a Table: Enquire of Edes & Gill.

To be Sold a Negro Man about 20 Years of Age.

TO BE LETT,

A Commodious Shop, with a Chamber and Upper Chamber, compleatly fixed for a Perſon in Trade, ſituate in Ann-Street, and lately improved by Mr. *Nathaniel Abraham*. Enquire of *William Dawes*, living near ſaid Shop.

THIS is to acquaint Town and Country Shopkeepers, and the Public in general, That there is 35 Pieces of low priced Iriſh Linnens to be ſold cheap for Caſh, either Wholeſale or Retail, by a Perſon bound the firſt Opportunity to Jamaica. To be ſeen at Capt. *Greenwel's* at *Cruſt's* Wharff, North End.

WE the Subſcribers, appointed Commiſſioners by the Honorable Thomas Hutchinſon, Eſq; Judge of Probate for the County of Suffolk, to receive and examine the Claims of the ſeveral Creditors to the Eſtate of Mr. Stephen Hills, late of Boſton, Mariner, deceaſed, repreſented Inſolvent—GIVE NOTICE ONCE MORE to all his Creditors, to bring in all their Claims, and prove their Debts, or they will be ſhut out from any Demands on ſaid Eſtate, that we ſhall meet at the Houſe of Capt. Wright, at the Sign of the Globe, by Chelſea-Ferry, Boſton, to receive ſaid Claims, on the firſt Tueſday of this Month, and the two Months following, from 6 to 8 o'Clock, P. M. *Nathaniel Greenwood*, *John Ruddock*.

ALL Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of Captain Benjamin Hatch, *late of* Boſton, *Innholder, deceas'd, are deſired to make ſpeedy Payment to* Benjamin Dolbeare, *Adminiſtrator on ſaid Eſtate. And all thoſe who have any Demands on ſaid Eſtate, are deſired to bring them in immediately.*

Daniel MacNeill,

Saddler and Cap-maker from DUBLIN,

A few Doors below the Britiſh Coffee-Houſe in King-Street, BOSTON;

TAKES this Method to acquaint the Publick, he makes and ſells the following Articles at the loweſt Rate for Caſh, viz. Neat welted and plain Hunting Saddles, Foreſt Saddles without Iron or Wood, much eſteem'd for Eaſe, Ladies Hunting Side Saddles, Gold and Silver Lac'd Furniture, Livery Furniture, Piſtol Caſes & Holſters with Furniture, Saddles and Bridles of all Sorts, Morocco and Buff Sword Belts, Portmanteaus and Saddle Baggs, with every Article in the Saddlery Branch, in the neateſt and genteeleſt Manner, with Fidelity and Diſpatch: As he has had the Advantage of many Years Practice in the moſt principal Shops in Dublin and Towns adjacent, will engage to make any Piece of Work as compleat as can be imported: All Favours received will be gratefully acknowledged by their humble Servant,

DANIEL MACNEILL.

TO BE SOLD BY

Richard Smith,

At his Store in KING STREET,

Sperma-Cæti CANDLES,

by the Quantity or ſingle Box.

Manufactured by *Daniel Jenckes* & Com'y at *Providence*, (*warranted pure, and free from any Adulteration.*)

N.B. At the above Store may be had, an Aſſortment of ENGLISH GOODS, GUN-POWDER.

Beſt Sperma Ceti Candles,

Warranted Pure,

MADE and SOLD by JOHN LANGDON in *Fleet-Street*, above HANCOCK's *Wharf*, near the *Old North Meeting-Houſe*. He alſo ſells the *beſt Refin'd Sperma Ceti Oil* by the Barrel. Beſt *Talſow Candles* mould and dipp'd, and Bayberry Wax Candles. ALL *as low as they can be had at any Place in Town.*

CHOICE CHOCOLATE made and Sold by *John Goldſmith*, at the Corner Shop leading down *John Hancock*, Eſq'rs; Wharff, by the large or ſmall Quantities.—Alſo all Sorts of Groceries.

The Chocolate will be warranted good, and ſold at the cheapeſt Rates.—Caſh given for Cocoa.

Cocoa manufactured for Gentlemen in the beſt Manner.

Boſton. Printed by EDES & GILL, *in Queen-Street.* 1769.